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SOUTH CAROLINA

STATE AND COUNTY
LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY STATISTICS



PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF LIVESTOCK
AND POULTRY PRODUCTS
1986 REVISED
1987 PRELIMINARY



INVENTORY NUMBERS
1987 REVISED
1988 PRELIMINARY



SOUTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
cooperating with
Department of Agricultural Economics & Rural Sociology
South Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station
Clemson University

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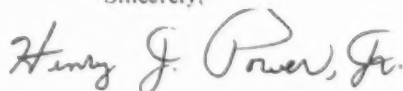
FOREWORD

This bulletin contains State and county estimates of all cattle, all beef cattle, beef cows, and milk cows on farms January 1, 1987-1988; all hogs and pigs on farms December 1, 1986-1987; and all chickens on farms December 1, 1986-1987. Also included are estimates of broilers raised, milk production, egg production, and value of milk, egg and broiler production for the years 1986 (revised) and 1987.

This bulletin, prepared by the South Carolina Agricultural Statistics Service, is a cooperative effort between the National Agricultural Statistics Service of the United States Department of Agriculture, and the Department of Agricultural Economics and Rural Sociology and South Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station of Clemson University. This cooperative relationship increases efficiency by avoiding duplication of effort and conflicting reports. The Federal program serves to provide comparable statistics for all states, which are released in scheduled national reports, while State funds make it possible to prepare and publish more detailed statistics for South Carolina such as presented in this bulletin.

We are indebted to thousands of South Carolina farmers who voluntarily give their time and effort to report various information relating to their farming operation. Without this voluntary cooperation, it would be impossible to make reliable estimates or compile this publication. Thanks to all of you who assisted in this effort. In addition to the voluntary reporters, I want to publicly thank my staff for their dedication in preparing this bulletin.

Sincerely,



Henry J. Power, Jr.
State Statistician

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**SOUTH CAROLINA LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY STATISTICS
INVENTORY NUMBERS
1987 - 1988**

**PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY PRODUCTS
1986 - 1987**

**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS AND RURAL SOCIOLOGY
SOUTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
CLEMSON UNIVERSITY**

DR. E. L. McLEAN, Acting Head

cooperating with

**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE**

CHARLES E. CAUDILL, Administrator

compiled by

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LIVESTOCK REVIEW

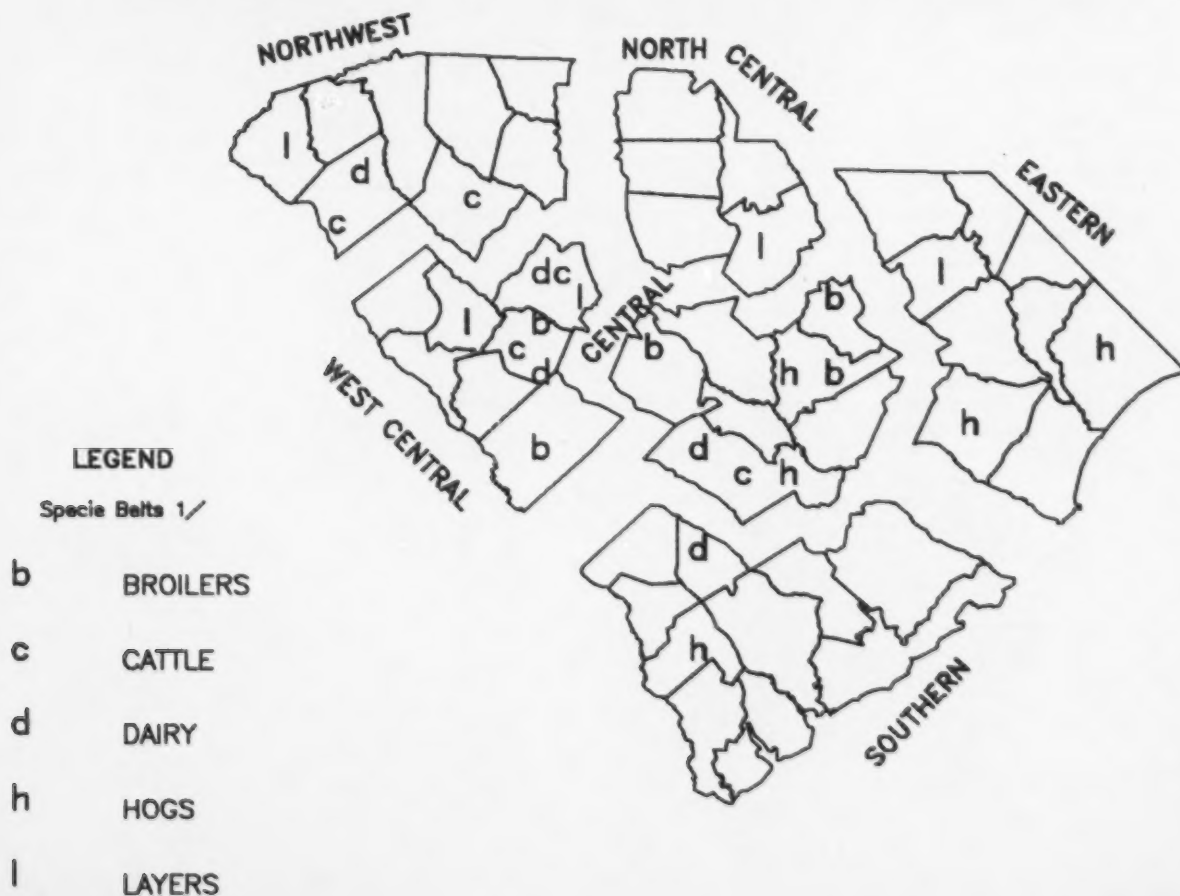
by

McCager Thompson

South Carolina had estimated 26,000 **FARMS** in 1987, many of which had livestock as part of the farm operations. The total **LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY** inventory value for 1987 was \$315,840,000 compared with \$265,528,000 in 1986 and \$252,820,000 in 1985. There were 620,000 **CATTLE AND CALVES** on South Carolina farms January 1, 1988, no change from January 1, 1987 but 2 percent less than January 1, 1986. Included in this inventory were 20,000 cattle and calves on feed, unchanged from a year ago. The beef cow inventory at this same time totaled 284,000 head, a 1 percent increase from last year. The milk cow inventory at 43,000 was down 3,000 head from January 1, 1987. The inventory value for all cattle and calves January 1, 1988 was \$275,900,000 up 25 percent from 1987. The average value was \$445.00 per head, \$90.00 more than in 1987 and \$105.00 more than 1986.

HOGS AND PIGS on South Carolina farms December 1, 1987 totaled 400,000, 5 percent less than the 420,000 in 1986 and unchanged from December 1, 1985. The inventory value was \$28,600,000 in 1987, down 16 percent from 1986's \$34,020,000. The value per head was \$71.50 in 1987, \$81.00 in 1986 and \$60.00 in 1985. South Carolina ranked 20th in the Nation in hog numbers with North Carolina 7th, Georgia 13th and Florida 28th.

CHICKENS in commercial and farm flocks in South Carolina as of December 1, 1987 totaled 8,100,000 birds excluding broilers, down 4 percent from the previous December 1. Of this inventory, 6,280,000 were layers and these included 478,000 broiler and egg-type breeders. The inventory value was \$11,340,000 in 1987, down 1 percent from 1986 and 12 percent below 1985. **BROILER** production grossed \$72,134,000 in 1987, down 10 percent from 1986's \$80,006,000 and 10 percent more than 1985. There were 272,204,000 pounds produced receiving an average of 26.5 cents per pound liveweight equivalent.



CATTLE ON FARMS AND VALUE, JANUARY 1, 1988, WITH COMPARISONS, SOUTH CAROLINA

Specie & Class	Number on Farms			Inventory Value					
	January 1			Per Head			Total Value		
	1986	1987 1/	1988 2/	1986	1987 1/	1988 2/	1986	1987 1/	1988 2/
	-----Thousands-----			-----Dollars-----			-----Thou. dollars-----		
All Cattle and Calves	635	620	620	340.00	355.00	445.00	215,900	220,100	275,900
Cows & Heifers that have calved	319	326	327	--	--	--	--	--	--
Beef Cows	271	280	284	--	--	--	--	--	--
Milk Cows	48	46	43	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heifers 500 lbs. and over	94	86	85	--	--	--	--	--	--
For beef cow replacement	53	50	50	--	--	--	--	--	--
For milk cow replacement	18	16	16	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other Heifers	23	20	19	--	--	--	--	--	--
Steers 500 lbs. and over	39	36	38	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bulls 500 lbs. & over	23	23	23	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heifers, steers & bulls under 500 lbs.	160	149	147	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cattle on Feed	20	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--

HOGS AND POULTRY ON FARMS AND VALUE, DECEMBER 1, 1987, WITH COMPARISONS, SOUTH CAROLINA

Specie & Class	Number on Farms			Inventory Value					
	December 1			Per Head			Total Value		
	1985	1986 1/	1987 2/	1985	1986 1/	1987 2/	1985	1986 1/	1987 2/
	-----Thousands-----			-----Dollars-----			-----Thou. dollars-----		
All Hogs & Pigs	400	420	400	60.00	81.00	71.50	24,000	34,020	28,600
All Chickens 3/	7,600	8,450	8,100	1.70	1.35	1.40	12,920	11,408	11,340
Hens & Pullets	6,420	6,240	6,280	--	--	--	--	--	--
State Inventory Value 4/	--	--	--	--	--	--	252,820	265,528	315,840

CATTLE ON FARMS AND VALUE, JANUARY 1, 1988, WITH COMPARISONS, UNITED STATES

Specie & Class	Number on Farms			Inventory Value					
	January 1			Per Head			Total Value		
	1986	1987 1/	1988 2/	1986	1987 1/	1988 2/	1986	1987 1/	1988 2/
	-----Thousands-----			-----Dollars-----			-----Thou. dollars-----		
All Cattle & Calves	105,468	102,000	98,994	391.00	407.00	523.00	41,279,749	41,482,765	51,807,580
Cows & Heifers that have calved	44,810	44,282	43,266	--	--	--	--	--	--
Beef Cows	33,633	33,779	32,958	--	--	--	--	--	--
Milk Cows	11,177	10,502	10,307	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heifers 500 lbs. and over	18,000	17,056	17,078	--	--	--	--	--	--
For beef cow replacement	5,149	5,164	5,155	--	--	--	--	--	--
For milk cow replacement	4,761	4,331	4,111	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other Heifers	8,090	7,561	7,812	--	--	--	--	--	--
Steers 500 lbs. and over	15,967	15,304	15,592	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bulls 500 lbs. and over	2,261	2,204	2,163	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heifers, steers & bulls under 500 lbs.	24,431	23,154	20,895	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cattle on Feed	11,497	10,963	11,527	--	--	--	--	--	--

HOGS AND POULTRY ON FARMS AND VALUE, DECEMBER 1, 1987, WITH COMPARISONS, UNITED STATES

Specie & Class	Number on Farms			Inventory Value					
	December 1			Per Head			Total Value		
	1985	1986 1/	1987 2/	1985	1986 1/	1987 2/	1985	1986 1/	1987 2/
	-----Thousands-----			-----Dollars-----			-----Thou. dollars-----		
All Hog & Pigs	52,313	50,920	53,795	69.60	91.90	76.20	3,640,368	4,679,398	4,096,647
All Chickens 3/	368,548	369,131	377,516	1.90	1.87	1.87	700,150	690,818	706,079
Hens & Pullets	279,769	279,940	285,529	--	--	--	--	--	--
U. S. Inventory Value 4/	--	--	--	--	--	--	45,620,267	46,852,981	56,610,306

1/ Revised. 2/ Preliminary. 3/ Excludes commercial broilers. 4/ Includes cattle, hogs and poultry.

LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY: South Carolina
Record Highs and Lows Based on Inventory Numbers

Species	Date Series Began	Record	Inventory	Date
All Cattle and Calves	1867	High	750,000	January 1, 1977
		Low	265,000	January 1, 1896
Dairy Cows and Heifers That Have Calved 1/	1867	High	195,000	January 1, 1920
		Low	43,000	January 1, 1988
Beef Cows and Heifers That Have Calved 1/	1920	High	336,000	January 1, 1977
		Low	15,000	January 1, 1939
All Hogs	1867	High	920,000	January 1, 1923
		Low	395,000	January 1, 1965
All Sheep & Lambs	1867	High	198,000	January 1, 1867
		Low	1,200	January 1, 1974
Broilers Raised	1934	High	68,051,000 2/	December 1, 1987
		Low	300,000 2/	January 1, 1934
Layers - All Flock Types	1934	High	7,280,000	December 1, 1979
		Low	2,235,000	January 1, 1938
Turkeys Raised	1929	High	3,950,000 2/	January 1, 1988
		Low	88,000 2/	January 1, 1929

1/ Prior to January 1, 1970, definition was milk cows and beef cows 2 years old and over. 2/ Annual number raised rather than inventory.

CATTLE

The South Carolina cattle industry had 17,000 **CATTLE FARMS** in 1987 with 284,000 **BEEF COWS** while a decade ago 22,000 cattle farms had 310,000 beef cows.

The 1987 **CALF CROP** totaled 275,000, an increase of 2 percent over 1986 and 6 percent over 1985. The **CALVING RATE** for these years measures the steady efficiency of South Carolina cattlemen with 84, 84, and 82 percent respectively. These rates are conservative because some cows died or were slaughtered before calving and the January 1 inventory does not include young heifers which had their first calf after that date.

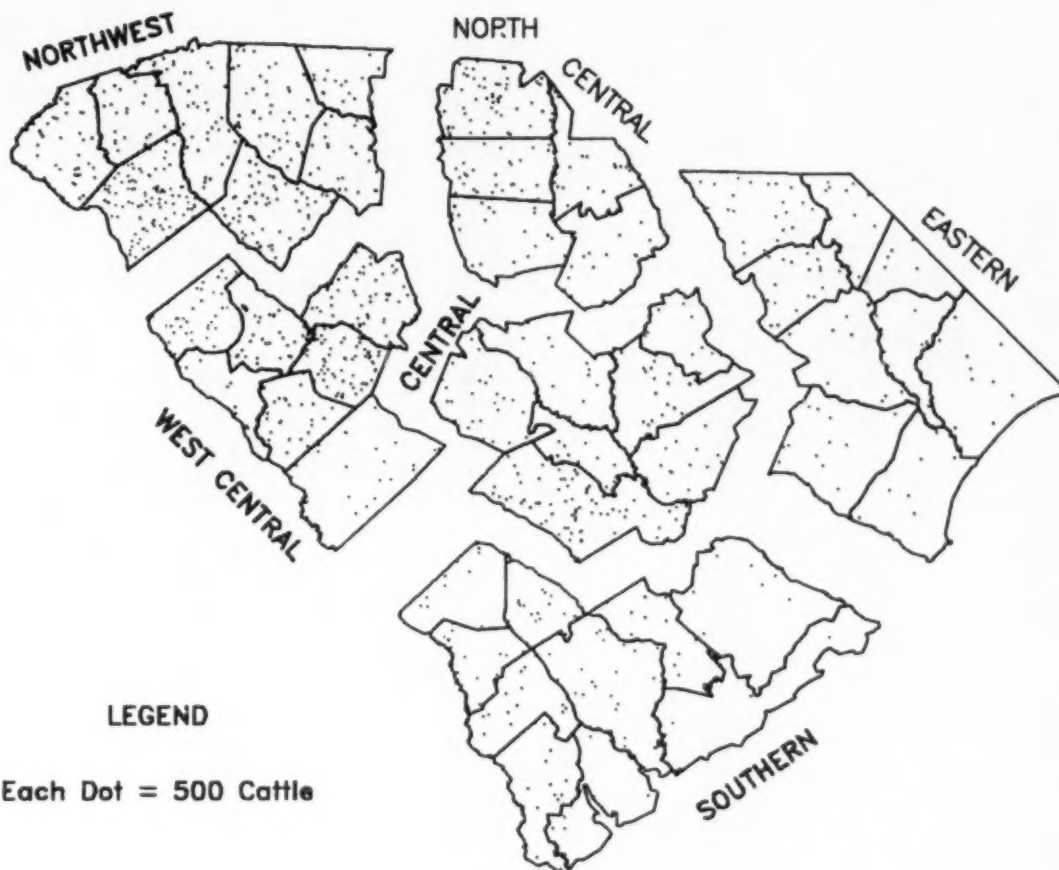
CATTLE ON FEED in South Carolina are animals being fattened for slaughter market on grain or other concentrates and expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better. This will take about 10 to 40 pounds of grain and concentrates per day. There were 20,000 cattle and calves on feed in South Carolina January 1, 1988, unchanged from a year earlier.

**LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: All cattle and calves, number on farms,
South Carolina, by counties, January 1, 1987 and 1988 1/**

County	All cattle and calves		County	All cattle and calves	
	1987	1988		1987	1988
	<i>Head</i>			<i>Head</i>	
Abbeville	19,200	20,400	Hampton	8,000	8,600
Aiken	12,000	11,200	Horry	6,600	5,700
Allendale	7,300	7,000	Jasper	6,800	7,200
Anderson	56,100	57,200	Kershaw	9,400	9,200
Bamberg	10,400	10,500	Lancaster	13,500	12,600
Barnwell	6,500	6,700	Laurens	31,700	33,400
Beaufort	2,600	2,800	Lee	4,900	4,800
Berkeley	3,000	3,400	Lexington	14,400	14,700
Calhoun	5,800	5,500	McCormick	4,300	4,900
Charleston	2,500	2,700	Marion	3,200	3,300
Cherokee	12,000	11,000	Marlboro	4,600	5,100
Chester	14,100	14,600	Newberry	30,700	30,700
Chesterfield	12,500	12,100	Oconee	18,900	19,300
Clarendon	6,200	6,400	Orangeburg	37,500	38,400
Colleton	13,100	13,200	Pickens	14,900	14,200
Darlington	9,700	10,200	Richland	7,700	7,300
Dillon	3,000	2,700	Saluda	33,500	33,100
Dorchester	5,800	5,300	Spartanburg	27,700	26,900
Edgefield	15,400	14,600	Sumter	13,100	11,400
Fairfield	11,300	10,100	Union	11,600	12,300
Florence	6,000	6,100	Williamsburg	7,000	6,200
Georgetown	3,700	3,700	York	29,500	29,400
Greenville	21,500	21,100			
Greenwood	20,800	20,800	STATE	620,000	620,000

1/ 1988 Preliminary data.

CATTLE AND CALVES ON FARMS, JANUARY 1, 1988



**ALL CATTLE AND CALVES, NUMBER ON FARMS, SOUTH CAROLINA
BY DISTRICT, JANUARY 1, 1987 REVISED AND 1988**

Year	District						State
	Northwest	North Central	Eastern	West Central	Central	Southern	
	<i>Head</i>						
January 1, 1987	194,400	77,800	56,300	135,900	89,600	66,000	620,000
January 1, 1988 1/	195,400	75,900	55,100	137,700	88,500	67,400	620,000

1/ Preliminary.

**LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: All beef cattle and all beef cows that have calved, number on farms,
South Carolina, by counties, January 1, 1987 and 1988 1/**

County	All beef cattle 2/		All beef cows that have calved	
	1987	1988	1987	1988
	-----Head-----			
Abbeville	18,400	19,650	14,500	14,500
Aiken	11,700	10,900	7,000	6,800
Allendale	7,200	6,900	2,100	2,000
Anderson	51,200	52,600	22,700	23,800
Bamberg	6,800	7,100	2,800	2,600
Barnwell	6,350	6,550	2,500	2,800
Beaufort	2,150	2,400	1,400	1,600
Berkeley	2,900	3,300	1,800	1,800
Calhoun	5,400	5,100	3,100	3,200
Charleston	2,400	2,600	1,400	1,600
Cherokee	11,650	10,700	6,800	6,200
Chester	11,950	12,550	6,200	6,400
Chesterfield	12,350	11,950	6,500	6,800
Clarendon	5,900	6,100	1,800	1,800
Colleton	12,950	13,050	8,700	8,200
Darlington	8,050	8,650	3,000	3,400
Dillon	2,900	2,600	1,600	1,800
Dorchester	5,000	4,550	2,700	2,900
Edgefield	13,250	12,550	7,100	7,700
Fairfield	10,900	9,700	6,300	6,000
Florence	5,250	5,400	2,000	2,100
Georgetown	3,550	3,550	1,200	1,200
Greenville	18,350	18,100	9,200	8,700
Greenwood	20,350	20,400	10,600	11,100
Hampton	7,800	8,400	3,900	3,800
Horry	6,500	5,600	3,300	3,800
Jasper	6,700	7,100	3,900	4,500
Kershaw	9,300	9,100	4,700	4,900
Lancaster	13,400	12,500	8,000	7,700
Laurens	28,950	30,850	14,100	15,000
Lee	4,550	4,450	1,700	1,800
Lexington	13,600	13,950	7,600	7,200
McCormick	4,150	4,750	3,600	4,000
Marion	3,100	3,200	2,000	1,800
Marlboro	4,500	5,000	2,000	2,200
Newberry	21,800	22,250	7,800	7,500
Oconee	17,750	18,200	8,400	8,100
Orangeburg	27,250	28,550	10,300	10,400
Pickens	14,500	13,800	7,500	7,000
Richland	7,350	6,950	2,300	2,500
Saluda	28,100	29,950	13,200	13,600
Spartanburg	24,700	24,050	16,500	17,300
Sumter	11,250	9,650	3,800	4,400
Union	11,450	12,150	6,000	5,500
Williamsburg	6,900	6,100	3,100	2,900
York	27,500	27,500	13,300	13,100
STATE	558,000	561,000	280,000	284,000

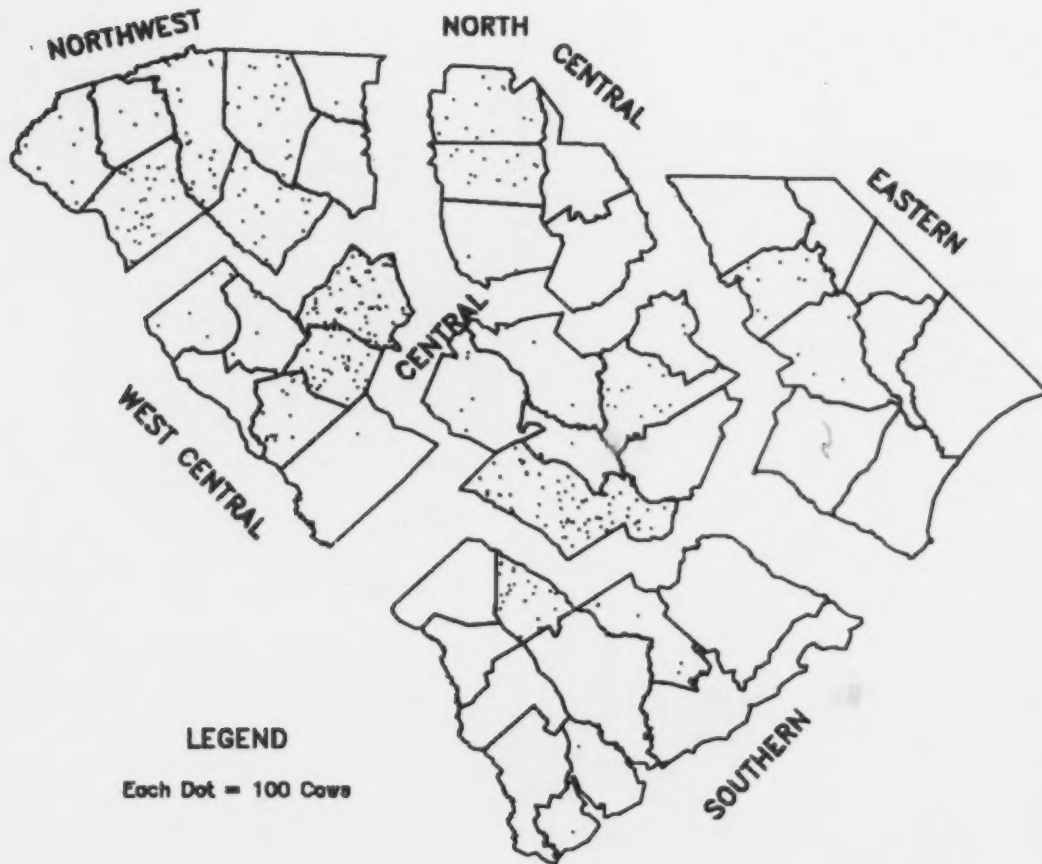
1/ 1988 preliminary data. 2/ Includes dairy bulls and dairy bull calves, but excluded milk cows and milk replacement heifers.

**LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: All milk cows that have calved, number on farms,
South Carolina, by counties, January 1, 1987 and 1988**

County	All milk cows that have calved		County	All milk cows that have calved	
	1987	1988		1987	1988
-----Head-----			-----Head-----		
Abbeville	600	550	Hampton	1/	1/
Aiken	200	200	Horry	1/	1/
Allendale	1/	1/	Jasper	1/	1/
Anderson	3,650	3,400	Kershaw	1/	1/
Bamberg	2,700	2,500	Lancaster	1/	1/
Barnwell	1/	1/	Laurens	2,050	1,900
Beaufort	350	300	Lee	250	250
Berkeley	1/	1/	Lexington	600	550
Calhoun	300	300	McCormick	1/	1/
Charleston	1/	1/	Marion	1/	1/
Cherokee	250	200	Marlboro	1/	1/
Chester	1,600	1,500	Newberry	6,650	6,200
Chesterfield	1/	1/	Oconee	850	800
Clarendon	200	200	Orangeburg	7,700	7,200
Colleton	1/	1/	Pickens	300	300
Darlington	1,250	1,150	Richland	250	250
Dillon	1/	1/	Saluda	4,050	3,800
Dorchester	600	550	Spartanburg	2,250	2,100
Edgefield	1,600	1,500	Sumter	1,400	1,300
Fairfield	300	300	Union	1/	1/
Florence	550	500	Williamsburg	1/	1/
Georgetown	1/	1/	York	1,500	1,400
Greenville	2,350	2,200	Other Counties	1,300	1,300
Greenwood	350	300	STATE	46,000	43,000

1/ Shown in other counties.

ALL MILK COWS THAT HAVE CALVED ON FARMS, JANUARY 1, 1988



LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: Number of cattle on farms, United States, by states, January 1, 1987 and 1988

State	All cattle and calves		All beef cattle 1/		All beef cows that have calved		All milk cows that have calved	
	1987	1988	1987	1988	1987	1988	1987	1988
<i>-----Thousand head-----</i>								
Alabama	1,850	1,670	1,794	1,618	917	875	43	40
Alaska	9.5	9.5	6.3	6.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.3
Arizona	1,000	960	893	851	268	260	87	90
Arkansas	1,840	1,850	1,756	1,748	938	945	62	72
California	4,750	4,600	3,290	3,125	950	895	990	1,005
Colorado	2,600	2,700	2,496	2,596	752	778	78	72
Connecticut	83	77	28	26	6	5	40	37
Delaware	31	29	19	18	3	2	10	9
Florida	2,140	1,970	1,927	1,761	1,192	1,086	178	179
Georgia	1,650	1,520	1,512	1,380	760	703	100	102
Hawaii	195	199	178	182	68	73	12	12
Idaho	1,550	1,570	1,320	1,342	518	510	162	160
Illinois	2,250	2,050	1,940	1,745	565	525	215	210
Indiana	1,470	1,360	1,181	1,085	381	370	199	190
Iowa	4,650	4,600	4,217	4,173	1,182	1,201	308	299
Kansas	5,920	5,860	5,768	5,715	1,461	1,466	109	104
Kentucky	2,450	2,450	2,152	2,155	997	1,017	223	218
Louisiana	1,160	1,125	1,045	1,012	620	615	89	87
Maine	120	113	51	47	10	8	49	47
Maryland	330	320	166	163	56	53	117	113
Massachusetts	85	70	34	29	11	10	37	33
Michigan	1,325	1,225	768	706	150	130	370	358
Minnesota	3,150	2,850	1,945	1,698	405	370	855	810
Mississippi	1,373	1,350	1,268	1,258	690	706	75	68
Missouri	4,600	4,250	4,284	3,931	1,961	1,866	219	224
Montana	2,400	2,350	2,369	2,318	1,303	1,275	24	25
Nebraska	5,500	5,450	5,367	5,320	1,677	1,680	103	100
Nevada	550	500	523	474	266	246	19	19
New Hampshire	62	55	24	22	6	5	27	23
New Jersey	90	80	42	37	13	11	35	31
New Mexico	1,360	1,320	1,277	1,243	529	527	61	59
New York	1,854	1,702	568	567	100	112	900	844
North Carolina	950	825	801	686	361	320	114	105
North Dakota	1,900	1,800	1,775	1,675	908	871	92	99
Ohio	1,800	1,820	1,270	1,287	390	412	370	368
Oklahoma	5,200	5,050	5,050	4,907	1,940	1,842	110	108
Oregon	1,400	1,360	1,259	1,222	568	547	92	94
Pennsylvania	1,950	1,920	926	904	212	206	730	724
Rhode Island	7.0	7.0	2.8	2.9	0.7	0.8	3.0	2.9
SOUTH CAROLINA	620	620	558	561	280	284	46	43
South Dakota	3,600	3,500	3,412	3,311	1,491	1,448	149	147
Tennessee	2,400	2,300	2,112	2,021	1,027	986	203	204
Texas	13,400	13,500	12,975	13,060	5,275	5,260	325	340
Utah	770	760	660	652	320	318	74	73
Vermont	325	297	84	75	12	9	178	170
Virginia	1,860	1,700	1,628	1,470	720	690	150	145
Washington	1,300	1,290	1,019	999	399	359	201	211
West Virginia	560	490	518	449	278	248	32	31
Wisconsin	4,260	4,230	1,621	1,665	190	200	1,825	1,790
Wyoming	1,300	1,290	1,287	1,277	650	630	10	10
United States 2/	102,000	98,994	87,167	84,576	33,779	32,958	10,502	10,307

1/ Includes dairy bulls and dairy bull calves, but excludes milk cows and milk cow replacement heifers.

2/ Sum of states will not add to United States total due to rounding.

LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: Cattle and calf numbers and disposition 1/, South Carolina, 1970-1987

Year	Calves born		Number cattle & calves on farms Jan. 1	Inship-ments 2/	Disposition				
	Number	Calving rate for cows and heifers			Marketings 3/		Farm slaughter 4/	Deaths	
					Cattle	Calves		Cattle & calves	Cattle
	Thousand	Percent	-----Thousand Head-----						
1970	277	87	600	5	135	99	4	11	15
1971	302	89	618	10	139	115	3	14	16
1972	310	90	643	22	122	157	4	13	17
1973	292	85	662	32	126	156	4	13	17
1974	298	82	670	19	121	111	4	16	25
1975	313	85	710	18	154	119	11	14	18
1976	329	84	725	29	156	142	11	9	15
1977	306	85	750	37	182	174	9	16	22
1978	260	85	690	39	192	195	7	8	12
1979	270	81	575	12	105	99	5	7	16
1980	280	84	625	14	126	129	5	13	21
1981	280	85	625	15	99	87	4	10	20
1982	275	81	700	15	142	144	4	14	26
1983	245	78	660	15	150	144	4	12	20
1984	260	85	590	15	159	48	4	12	22
1985	260	82	620	15	175	47	2	13	23
1986	270	84	635	15	205	55	2	16	22
1987	275	84	620	15	199	50	3	16	22

1/ Balance sheet estimates. Number January 1 plus calves born and inshipments less marketings, farm slaughter and deaths equal number January 1 following year.

2/ Excludes inshipments direct to Federal inspected slaughter.

3/ Includes custom slaughter for use on farms where produced and state outshipments but excludes inter-farm sales within the State.

4/ Excludes custom slaughter for farmers at commercial establishments.

LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: Number of cattle and calves on feed, South Carolina, January 1, 1969-1988 1/

Year	Number	Year	Number	Year	Number	Year	Number
1969	17,000	1974	30,000	1979	25,000	1984	20,000
1970	15,000	1975	26,000	1980	23,000	1985	23,000
1971	18,000	1976	34,000	1981	23,000	1986	20,000
1972	23,000	1977	30,000	1982	20,000	1987	20,000
1973	26,000	1978	31,000	1983	20,000	1988	20,000

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for slaughter market on grain or other concentrates and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better. Cattle and calves on feed are included in the cattle and calf inventory estimates by classes.

LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: Number of cattle and calves on feed 1/, United States, by states, Jan. 1, 1986-88 1/

State	1986	1987	1988	1988 as % of 1987
	<i>Thousand Head</i>			<i>Percent</i>
Arizona	344	343	351	102
California	451	395	435	110
Colorado	935	920	940	102
Idaho	206	159	195	123
Illinois	460	440	380	86
Iowa	670	680	650	96
Kansas	1,430	1,395	1,440	103
Minnesota	300	305	310	102
Nebraska	1,900	1,860	2,000	108
Oklahoma	320	255	320	125
South Dakota	350	305	300	98
Texas	2,190	2,050	2,250	110
Washington	198	138	198	143
13 States	9,754	9,245	9,769	106
Alabama	40	51	30	59
Arkansas	12	10	12	120
Florida	65	20	20	100
Georgia	17	18	12	67
Hawaii	13	16	18	113
Indiana	250	225	210	93
Kentucky	30	25	25	100
Louisiana	9	9	9	100
Maryland	20	12	14	117
Michigan	175	200	200	100
Mississippi	11	8	14	175
Missouri	85	90	110	122
Montana	80	70	80	114
Nevada	26	24	28	117
New Jersey	3	3	3	100
New Mexico	157	157	154	98
New York	10	17	22	129
North Carolina	25	23	25	109
North Dakota	42	38	45	118
Ohio	185	200	200	100
Oregon	85	90	95	106
Pennsylvania	85	80	75	94
SOUTH CAROLINA	20	20	20	100
Tennessee	18	25	30	120
Utah	33	36	45	125
Virginia	30	50	40	80
West Virginia	5	9	5	56
Wisconsin	108	120	110	92
Wyoming	102	70	100	143
Other States 2/	2	2	7	350
United States	11,497	10,963	11,527	105

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for slaughter market on grain or other concentrates and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better. Cattle and calves on feed are included in the cattle and calf inventory estimates by classes.

2/ Other states: Alas., Conn., Del., Maine, Mass., N. H., R. I., and Ver.

MILK PRODUCTION

South Carolina dairymen have an admirable record of efficiency in milk production. In 1977 there were an estimated 3,300 farms with one or more dairy cows in South Carolina with an average of 53,000 **MILK COWS** during the year producing 525 million **POUNDS OF MILK**, 27.1 **POUNDS PER COW PER DAY**. During the past ten years dairymen have improved this rate to 34.1 pounds per cow per day in 1987. This rate of milk produced per cow per day is computed by dividing all milk produced (excluding milk sucked by calves) by all milk cows (including milk cows used only for subsistence and milk cows that are dry). There were an estimated 2,000 farms with one or more dairy cows in South Carolina during 1987 with an average of 44,000 milk cows which produced 547 million pounds of milk.

The 1987 **MILK PRODUCTION** was 3 percent less than 1986 and 6 percent below 1985. The 1987 **ANNUAL AVERAGE RATE PER COW** at 12,432 pounds compares with 12,021 pounds in 1986 and 12,167 pounds in 1985. **FARM VALUE** of milk produced, which includes value of fluid milk and cream consumed in farm households, milk used for farm-churned butter, milk fed to calves, as well as marketings of milk and cream totaled \$85,214,000 in 1987 compared with \$87,005,000 in 1986 and \$92,430,000 in 1985. The **AVERAGE PRICE** of milk in 1987 was \$15.58 per cwt. compared with \$15.40 in 1986 and \$15.83 in 1985.

The 1987 average price received is for all milk sold to plants and was the 4th highest in the Nation - under Hawaii with \$20.30 per cwt., Alaska with \$20.21 and Florida with \$16.40.

**MILK: Average number cows milked during year, production per cow, total production and value,
South Carolina, by counties, 1986**

County	Avg. number cows milked during year	Milk production per cow 1/	Total milk production	Value of production 3/
	<i>Number</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Thou. lbs.</i>	<i>Thou. dols.</i>
Abbeville	600	13,000	7,800	1,201
Aiken	200	11,370	2,274	350
Allendale 2/				
Anderson	3,700	12,008	44,429	6,842
Bamberg	2,850	12,180	34,712	5,345
Barnwell 2/				
Beaufort	350	7,000	2,450	377
Berkeley 2/				
Calhoun	300	12,230	3,669	565
Charleston 2/				
Cherokee	250	12,000	3,000	462
Chester	1,650	12,216	20,157	3,104
Chesterfield 2/				
Clarendon	200	13,060	2,612	402
Colleton 2/				
Darlington	1,250	12,097	15,121	2,329
Dillon 2/				
Dorchester	600	12,500	7,500	1,155
Edgefield	1,600	12,247	19,595	3,018
Fairfield	300	11,530	3,459	533
Florence	550	12,200	6,710	1,033
Georgetown 2/				
Greenville	2,400	13,196	31,670	4,877
Greenwood	350	12,800	4,480	690
Hampton 2/				
Horry 2/				
Jasper 2/				
Kershaw 2/				
Lancaster 2/				
Laurens	2,450	12,336	30,222	4,654
Lee	250	12,156	3,039	468
Lexington	600	12,190	7,314	1,126
McCormick 2/				
Marion 2/				
Marlboro 2/				
Newberry	6,700	11,855	79,429	12,231
Oconee	950	12,800	12,160	1,873
Orangeburg	7,750	12,001	93,008	14,322
Pickens	300	12,577	3,773	581
Richland	250	11,116	2,779	428
Saluda	4,100	12,167	49,886	7,682
Spartanburg	2,250	12,088	27,198	4,188
Sumter	1,400	12,100	16,940	2,609
Union 2/				
Williamsburg 2/				
York	1,500	12,205	18,308	2,819
Other Counties	1,350	8,375	11,306	1,741
STATE	47,000	12,021	565,000	87,005

1/ Milk production per cow includes all milk produced (excluding milk sucked by calves) divided by average number of cows milked (including milk cows used only for subsistence and milk cows that are dry).

2/ Shown in other counties.

3/ Total may not add due to rounding.

**MILK: Average number cows milked during year, production per cow, total production and value,
South Carolina, by counties, 1987**

County	Avg. number cows milked during year	Milk production per cow 1/	Total milk production	Value of production 3/
	<i>Number</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Thou. lbs.</i>	<i>Thou. dols.</i>
Abbeville	550	13,729	7,551	1,176
Aiken	200	11,010	2,202	343
Allendale 2/				
Anderson	3,500	12,290	43,014	6,701
Bamberg	2,650	12,682	33,606	5,235
Barnwell 2/				
Beaufort	300	7,907	2,372	370
Berkeley 2/				
Calhoun	300	11,460	3,438	536
Charleston 2/				
Cherokee	200	13,800	2,760	430
Chester	1,550	12,590	19,515	3,040
Chesterfield 2/				
Clarendon	200	12,645	2,529	394
Colleton 2/				
Darlington	1,200	12,199	14,639	2,281
Dillon 2/				
Dorchester	550	13,202	7,261	1,131
Edgefield	1,500	12,647	18,971	2,955
Fairfield	300	11,163	3,349	522
Florence	500	12,992	6,496	1,012
Georgetown 2/				
Greenville	2,250	13,627	30,661	4,777
Greenwood	300	13,800	4,140	645
Hampton 2/				
Horry 2/				
Jasper 2/				
Kershaw 2/				
Lancaster 2/				
Laurens	1,950	14,000	27,300	4,253
Lee	250	11,032	2,758	430
Lexington	550	12,875	7,081	1,103
McCormick 2/				
Marion 2/				
Marlboro 2/				
Newberry	6,350	12,110	76,898	11,979
Oconee	800	14,000	11,200	1,745
Orangeburg	7,400	12,562	92,961	14,482
Pickens	300	11,500	3,450	537
Richland	250	10,760	2,690	419
Saluda	3,850	12,545	48,297	7,524
Spartanburg	2,150	12,247	26,332	4,102
Sumter	1,350	12,148	16,400	2,555
Union 2/				
Williamsburg 2/				
York	1,450	12,224	17,725	2,761
Other Counties	1,300	8,772	11,404	1,776
STATE	44,000	12,432	547,000	85,214

1/ Milk production per cow includes all milk produced (excluding milk sucked by calves) divided by average number of cows milked (including milk cows used only for subsistence and milk cows that are dry). 2/ Shown in other counties. 3/ Total may not add due to rounding.

**MILK: Average number of cows milked during year, production per cow, total production and value,
South Carolina, 1971 - 1987**

Year	Avg. number cows milked during year	Milk production per cow 1/	Total milk production	Value of production
	<i>Thousands</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Million lbs.</i>	<i>Thou. dols.</i>
1971	63	8,190	516	38,906
1972	63	8,222	518	39,109
1973	60	8,283	497	43,985
1974	57	9,035	515	54,178
1975	58	8,828	512	55,142
1976	56	9,375	525	60,113
1977	53	9,906	525	60,848
1978	52	9,865	513	62,073
1979	50	10,480	524	70,818
1980	48	11,271	541	79,898
1981	48	11,500	552	88,427
1982	48	11,813	567	88,754
1983	48	11,938	573	90,787
1984	47	11,511	541	86,355
1985	48	12,167	584	92,430
1986	47	12,021	565	87,005
1987	44	12,432	547	85,214

1/ Milk production per cow includes all milk produced (excluding milk sucked by calves) divided by all milk cows (including milk cows used only for subsistence and milk cows that are dry).

MANUFACTURED DAIRY PRODUCTS: Production of specified products, South Carolina, 1971-1987

Year	Frozen Products	Ice Cream	Ice Milk	Milk Sherbet
	<i>-----Thousand gallons-----</i>			
1971	13,000	6,364	6,039	597
1972	17,479	8,714	7,496	1,269
1973	18,614	10,818	6,369	1,427
1974	18,110	10,897	5,877	1,336
1975	17,966	10,945	5,702	1,319
1976	15,946	10,253	4,167	1,526
1977	17,554	11,173	5,010	1,371
1978	23,024	14,872	6,506	1,646
1979	16,414	10,877	4,494	1,043
1980	15,279	10,237	4,019	1,023
1981	15,850	10,463	4,325	1,062
1982	13,902	8,653	4,196	1,053
1983	15,499	10,170	4,238	1,091
1984	16,197	11,428	3,652	1,117
1985	16,747	11,505	3,928	1,314
1986	17,293	11,984	3,922	1,387
1987	18,871	15,155	2,727	989

LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: Average number of milk cows and milk production, United States, by states, 1986 and 1987

State	Milk Cows 1/		Milk Per Cow 2/		Milk Production 2/		
	1986	1987	1986	1987	1986	1987	1987 % Change from 1986
	Thousands		Pounds		Million Pounds		Percent
Alabama	44	40	12,023	12,550	529	502	95
Alaska	2.2	2.3	14,318	15,130	31.5	34.8	110
Arizona	86	90	15,907	15,911	1,368	1,432	105
Arkansas	68	64	11,103	11,688	755	748	99
California	1,013	998	17,019	17,970	17,240	17,934	104
Colorado	80	75	14,850	15,893	1,188	1,192	100
Connecticut	43	39	13,953	14,538	600	567	95
Delaware	10.0	9.5	14,600	14,632	146.0	139.0	95
Florida	179	177	12,050	12,480	2,157	2,209	102
Georgia	109	99	11,560	11,667	1,260	1,155	92
Hawaii	11.5	11.6	13,565	13,448	156.0	156.0	100
Idaho	166	159	14,392	14,937	2,389	2,375	99
Illinois	221	212	12,403	13,090	2,741	2,775	101
Indiana	201	194	12,214	12,448	2,455	2,415	98
Iowa	335	302	11,579	11,755	3,879	3,550	92
Kansas	111	105	11,721	11,819	1,301	1,241	95
Kentucky	227	218	10,251	10,725	2,327	2,338	100
Louisiana	93	88	9,538	9,966	887	877	99
Maine	52	49	13,346	13,694	694	671	97
Maryland	122	114	13,279	13,228	1,620	1,508	93
Massachusetts	42	35	13,310	14,400	559	504	90
Michigan	379	361	14,259	14,537	5,404	5,248	97
Minnesota	891	823	11,912	12,680	10,614	10,436	98
Mississippi	82	72	10,256	10,917	841	786	93
Missouri	227	221	12,907	13,122	2,930	2,900	99
Montana	27	25	12,519	13,240	338	331	98
Nebraska	108	102	12,500	13,137	1,350	1,340	99
Nevada	19.0	19.0	14,421	14,632	274.0	278.0	101
New Hampshire	28	24	13,321	13,458	373	323	87
New Jersey	36	33	13,306	13,091	479	432	90
New Mexico	66	58	16,545	16,879	1,092	979	90
New York	934	858	12,551	13,242	11,723	11,362	97
North Carolina	121	110	14,008	14,136	1,695	1,555	92
North Dakota	97	93	11,072	11,860	1,074	1,103	103
Ohio	383	370	12,888	13,000	4,936	4,810	97
Oklahoma	111	109	10,721	10,734	1,190	1,170	98
Oregon	99	92	14,859	15,989	1,471	1,471	100
Pennsylvania	734	721	13,831	14,123	10,152	10,183	100
Rhode Island	3.1	2.9	13,226	13,793	41.0	40.0	98
SOUTH CAROLINA	47	44	12,021	12,432	565	547	97
South Dakota	156	148	11,038	11,885	1,722	1,759	102
Tennessee	207	203	10,729	10,872	2,221	2,207	99
Texas	323	329	12,659	13,070	4,089	4,300	105
Utah	79	74	14,646	15,149	1,157	1,121	97
Vermont	181	174	13,525	13,851	2,448	2,410	98
Virginia	155	145	13,877	13,903	2,151	2,016	94
Washington	212	208	17,745	18,091	3,762	3,763	100
West Virginia	33	32	11,364	10,906	375	349	93
Wisconsin	1,853	1,795	13,222	13,816	24,500	24,800	101
Wyoming	10.8	9.7	12,130	12,371	131.0	120.0	92
United States 3/	10,813	10,334	13,260	13,786	143,381	142,462	99

1/ Average number during year, excluding heifers not yet fresh. 2/ Milk production per cow includes all milk produced (excluding milk sucked by calves) divided by all milk cows (including milk cows used only for subsistence and milk cows that are dry). 3/ Sum of states will not add to U.S. total due to rounding.

HOGS

South Carolina had 11,500 **HOG FARMS** in 1987. The leading hog counties in terms of numbers and in order of importance were Orangeburg, Horry, Sumter, Hampton, and Williamsburg. Hog farms have decreased over the last 10 years from 18,500 in 1977. The leading counties in order for 1977 were Orangeburg, Horry, Williamsburg, Clarendon, and Sumter.

The 1987 **PIG CROP** of 584,000 was 1 percent below 1986. There were 273,000 pigs saved in the spring of 1987 from 39,000 sows (7.0 pigs per litter). The fall period showed 311,000 pigs saved from 45,000 sows (6.9 pigs per litter).

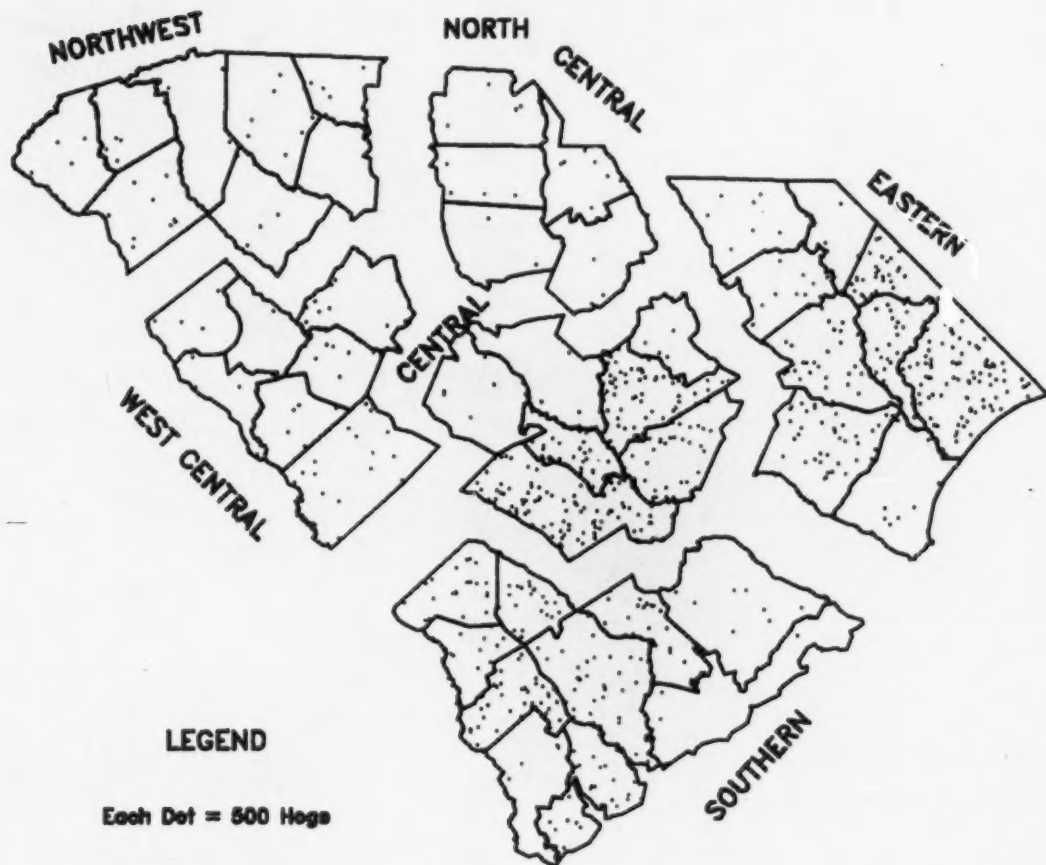
MARKETINGS during 1987 totaled 583,000 head in South Carolina which includes custom slaughter for use on farms where produced, and outshipments, but excludes interfarm sales within the state. These marketings are an increase of 14 percent from the 1986 marketings of 512,000 head and 2 percent more than the 1985 marketings of 571,000 head.

**LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: All hogs and pigs, number on farms,
South Carolina, by counties, December 1, 1986 and 1987 1/**

County	All hogs and pigs		County	All hogs and pigs	
	1986	1987		1986	1987
	-----Head-----			-----Head-----	
Abbeville	1,800	1,800	Hampton	23,400	20,800
Aiken	9,300	9,000	Horry	47,600	45,900
Allendale	5,500	5,700	Jasper	1,900	1,900
Anderson	5,000	5,100	Kershaw	1,600	1,700
Bamberg	12,400	12,400	Lancaster	4,200	4,300
Barnwell	12,500	11,200	Laurens	2,000	2,200
Beaufort	14,000	12,000	Lee	1,700	1,800
Berkeley	4,500	4,000	Lexington	3,700	3,100
Calhoun	14,700	13,500	McCormick	3,300	3,100
Charleston	2,400	2,400	Marion	14,400	14,100
Cherokee	2,600	2,700	Marlboro	3,700	3,100
Chester	2,000	2,000	Newberry	6,200	6,200
Chesterfield	4,100	4,100	Oconee	2,100	2,200
Clarendon	17,600	17,200	Orangeburg	48,900	46,800
Colleton	19,300	18,700	Pickens	2,200	2,100
Darlington	6,000	5,700	Richland	2,600	2,700
Dillon	17,200	17,800	Saluda	3,400	3,600
Dorchester	9,800	8,800	Spartanburg	3,100	3,300
Edgefield	2,300	2,400	Sumter	34,300	30,000
Fairfield	1,100	1,000	Union	400	400
Florence	15,300	15,200	Williamsburg	22,600	20,500
Georgetown	3,700	3,800	York	2,000	2,100
Greenville	1,300	1,300			
Greenwood	300	300	STATE	420,000	400,000

1/ 1987 Preliminary data.

HOGS AND PIGS ON FARMS, DECEMBER 1, 1987



**ALL HOGS AND PIGS, NUMBER ON FARMS, SOUTH CAROLINA
BY DISTRICT, DECEMBER 1, 1986 REVISED AND 1987**

Year	District						
	Northwest	North Central	Eastern	West Central	Central	Southern	State
	<i>Head</i>						
January 1, 1986	18,700	10,900	134,600	26,600	123,500	105,700	420,000
January 1, 1987 1/	19,300	11,100	130,200	26,400	115,100	97,900	400,000

1/ Preliminary.

**LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: Number of hogs and pigs on farms,
United States, by states, December 1, 1986-1987**

State	Breeding			Market			Total		
	1986	1987		1986	1987		1986	1987	
		Number	As % of 1986		Number	As % of 1986		Number	As % of 1986
	1,000 Head		Percent	1,000 Head		Percent	1,000 Head		Percent
Georgia	150	155	103	950	1,020	107	1,100	1,175	107
Illinois	635	710	112	4,365	4,590	105	5,000	5,300	106
Indiana	540	620	115	3,610	3,980	110	4,150	4,600	111
Iowa	1,585	1,660	105	11,015	12,140	110	12,600	13,800	110
Kansas	175	180	103	1,245	1,270	102	1,420	1,450	102
Minnesota	535	545	102	3,725	3,805	102	4,260	4,350	102
Missouri	420	435	104	2,430	2,515	103	2,850	2,950	104
Nebraska	490	490	100	3,460	3,510	101	3,950	4,000	101
North Carolina	300	315	105	2,060	2,185	106	2,360	2,500	106
Ohio	280	290	104	1,720	1,860	108	2,000	2,150	108
Total 10 States	5,110	5,400	106	34,580	36,875	107	39,690	42,275	107
Alabama	54	57	106	306	288	94	360	345	96
Alaska	.20	.20	100	.80	.30	38	1.00	.50	50
Arizona	18	14	78	137	116	85	155	130	84
Arkansas	60	61	102	400	404	101	460	465	101
California	27	23	85	123	107	87	150	130	87
Colorado	26	34	131	164	171	104	190	205	108
Connecticut	.8	.8	100	6.2	5.7	92	7.0	6.5	93
Delaware	11	10	91	49	48	98	60	58	97
Florida	22	28	127	118	122	103	140	150	107
Hawaii	8	7	88	42	40	95	50	47	94
Idaho	11	11	100	69	69	100	80	80	100
Kentucky	130	135	104	750	765	102	880	900	102
Louisiana	10	9	90	43	37	86	53	46	87
Maine	1.7	1.8	106	6.3	6.5	103	8.0	8.3	104
Maryland	30	25	83	160	195	122	190	220	116
Massachusetts	4	5	125	28	28	100	32	33	103
Michigan	175	185	106	1,075	1,165	108	1,250	1,350	108
Mississippi	32	41	128	178	222	125	210	263	125
Montana	21	30	143	169	200	118	190	230	121
Nevada	2	3	150	12	13	108	14	16	114
New Hampshire	1.4	1.5	107	7.4	7.5	101	8.8	9.0	102
New Jersey	4	5	125	36	40	111	40	45	113
New Mexico	5	5	100	31	26	84	36	31	86
New York	17	17	100	111	107	96	128	124	97
North Dakota	37	44	119	238	276	116	275	320	116
Oklahoma	35	30	86	185	170	92	220	200	91
Oregon	16	13	81	99	87	88	115	100	87
Pennsylvania	95	90	95	795	770	97	890	860	97
Rhode Island	.6	.6	100	4.2	4.0	95	4.8	4.6	96
SOUTH CAROLINA	60	59	98	360	341	95	420	400	95
South Dakota	214	204	95	1,306	1,316	101	1,520	1,520	100
Tennessee	115	115	100	655	685	105	770	800	104
Texas	70	90	129	440	490	111	510	580	114
Utah	3	4	133	22	22	100	25	26	104
Vermont	.9	.9	100	4.9	5.0	102	5.8	5.9	102
Virginia	53	71	134	307	349	114	360	420	117
Washington	9	6	67	41	49	120	50	55	110
West Virginia	5	6	120	32	30	94	37	36	97
Wisconsin	170	175	103	1,130	1,105	98	1,300	1,280	98
Wyoming	6	3	50	29	17	59	35	20	57
United States	6,671	7,021	105	44,250	46,774	106	50,920	53,795	106

LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: Hog and pig numbers and disposition 1/, South Carolina, 1975-1987

Year	Number hogs & Pigs on farms December 1 1/	December-May 2/		June-November		Inshipments 4/	Marketings 5/	Farm Slaughter 6/	Deaths
		Sows Farrowed	Pigs Saved 3/	Sows Farrowed	Pigs Saved 3/				
	-----Thousand Head-----								
1975	480	51	347	46	313	--	565	35	60
1976	470	48	346	46	313	--	579	37	53
1977	520	52	348	51	352	--	570	30	50
1978	525	52	338	52	370	--	618	30	55
1979	650	60	390	69	449	--	636	28	50
1980	700	69	449	72	511	--	818	27	65
1981	490	60	390	49	343	--	851	25	67
1982	440	45	292	48	336	--	589	25	64
1983	510	54	356	58	394	--	610	20	50
1984	450	42	298	45	315	--	606	15	52
1985	400	42	273	44	299	--	571	15	36
1986	420	40	268	46	322	--	512	10	48
1987	400	39	273	45	311	--	583	7	44

1/ Balance Sheet estimates. The sum of inventory for the current year plus pig crops (Dec.-Nov.) and inshipments for the following year equals the sum of marketings, farm slaughter, deaths, and inventory for the following year.

2/ December previous year.

3/ Pigs per litter equal pigs saved divided by sows farrowed.

4/ Excludes inshipments direct to Federal Inspected slaughter plants.

5/ Includes custom slaughter for use on farms where produced and state outshipments, but excludes inter-farm sales within the State.

6/ Excludes custom slaughter for farmers at commercial establishments.

**LIVESTOCK INVENTORY: Hogs and pigs on farms and market hogs and pigs by weight,
South Carolina, 1973 - 1987**

Inventory Month & Year	Hogs and pigs on farms			Market hogs and pigs by weight by class				
	For Breeding	For Market	All Hogs	Under 60 Lbs.	60-119 Lbs.	120-179 Lbs.	180 Lbs. & over	220 Lbs. & over
<i>-----Thousand Head-----</i>								
June 1								
1973	85	415	500	188	112	73	34	8
1974	78	392	470	183	108	67	27	7
1975	78	377	455	178	100	65	26	8
1976	82	388	470	175	110	71	25	7
1977	90	410	500	195	114	66	27	8
1978	89	396	485	182	115	68	23	8
1979	114	486	600	228	126	88	44	--
1980	114	556	670	237	165	107	47	--
1981	79	461	540	201	129	92	39	--
1982								
NOT AVAILABLE AFTER 1981								
December 1								
1973	68	382	450	157	107	68	38	12
1974	71	409	480	162	120	78	36	13
1975	70	410	480	166	114	68	34	28
1976	70	400	470	162	112	76	30	20
1977	78	442	520	177	123	86	35	21
1978	84	441	525	177	123	84	57	--
1979	100	550	650	204	184	105	57	--
1980	114	586	700	233	181	108	64	--
1981	71	419	490	151	125	91	52	--
1982	61	379	440	133	100	97	49	--
1983	82	428	510	173	133	77	45	--
1984	65	385	450	134	100	84	67	--
1985	59	341	400	138	87	67	49	--
1986	60	360	420	146	94	73	47	--
1987	59	341	400	138	94	63	46	--

POULTRY INVENTORY: All chickens, numbers on farms 1/, South Carolina, by counties December 1, 1986 and 1987

County	All chickens		County	All chickens	
	1986	1987		1986	1987
-----Thousand Head-----			-----Thousand Head-----		
Abbeville	111	92	Horry	2/	2/
Aiken	69	132	Jasper	2/	2/
Allendale	2/	2/	Kershaw	1,410	1,409
Anderson	241	210	Lancaster	2/	2/
Bamberg	2/	2/	Laurens	420	257
Barnwell	28	20	Lee	63	2/
Beaufort	53	39	Lexington	486	600
Berkeley	43	45	McCormick	88	2/
Calhoun	2/	2/	Marion	2/	2/
Charleston	2/	2/	Marlboro	2/	2/
Cherokee	21	16	Newberry	2,589	2,340
Chester	53	2/	Oconee	537	458
Chesterfield	204	25	Orangeburg	32	84
Clarendon	80	66	Pickens	59	118
Colleton	2/	2/	Richland	124	159
Darlington	413	571	Saluda	458	309
Dillon	2/	2/	Spartanburg	13	66
Dorchester	51	22	Sumter	2/	2/
Edgefield	151	90	Union	2/	29
Fairfield	2/	2/	Williamsburg	2/	2/
Florence	40	34	York	30	27
Georgetown	2/	2/	Other Counties	38	56
Greenville	2/	2/	STATE	8,450	8,100
Greenwood	545	826			
Hampton	2/	2/			

1/ Excludes commercial broilers. 2/ Shown in other counties to avoid disclosure of individual operations or inventory is insignificant.

CHICKENS (excluding commercial broilers): Number on farms, South Carolina, by classes, 1973-1987

Inventory month and year	All chickens	Hens and pullets of laying age			Pullets not of laying age		Other Chickens	
		Hens	Pullets	Total	3 months +	Under 3 months		
December 1	-----Thousands-----							
	1973	8,375	2,610	3,200	5,810	1,200	1,270	95
	1974	7,985	2,470	3,050	5,520	1,200	1,185	80
	1975	8,685	2,730	3,370	6,100	1,300	1,200	85
	1976	7,113	2,276	2,774	5,050	1,138	854	71
	1977	7,758	2,344	3,414	5,758	1,008	915	77
	1978	8,050	1,900	4,000	5,900	1,022	1,047	81
	1979	9,770	2,950	4,330	7,280	1,268	1,124	98
	1980	9,495	3,085	3,765	6,850	997	1,553	95
	1981	8,850	3,815	3,000	6,815	690	1,230	115
	1982	8,550	2,750	3,650	6,400	695	1,370	85
	1983	7,365	3,170	3,280	6,450	420	420	75
	1984	7,360	2,930	3,300	6,230	810	210	110
	1985	7,600	2,550	3,870	6,420	650	430	100
	1986	8,450	2,750	3,490	6,240	960	1,150	100
	1987	8,100	2,570	3,710	6,280	730	1,030	60

CHICKENS: Lost, Sold and Value of Sales, 1987 1/

State	Number Lost 2/	Number Sold	Pounds Sold	Price Per Pound	Value of Sales
	-----1,000 Head-----		1,000 Pounds	Cents	1,000 Dollars
Alabama	1,400	10,000	46,000	10.9	5,014
Alaska	50	10	45	50.0	23
Arizona	54	403	1,612	10.0	161
Arkansas	2,400	18,200	80,080	14.7	11,772
California	4,100	18,600	74,400	7.5	5,580
Colorado	235	1,690	7,943	12.0	953
Connecticut	477	4,451	22,255	9.0	2,003
Delaware	200	757	5,678	11.0	625
Florida	1,560	4,600	22,080	9.0	1,987
Georgia	2,750	16,070	86,778	11.5	9,979
Hawaii	172	350	1,260	15.2	192
Idaho	110	460	1,748	5.0	87
Illinois	400	2,100	9,660	12.2	1,179
Indiana	2,750	15,800	56,880	10.0	5,688
Iowa	1,000	5,000	17,500	10.9	1,908
Kansas	190	1,450	7,975	15.0	1,196
Kentucky	300	1,300	4,550	14.0	637
Louisiana	260	1,100	6,050	13.0	787
Maine	306	3,810	20,955	9.0	1,886
Maryland	520	2,700	14,310	11.0	1,574
Massachusetts	77	1,072	5,896	9.0	531
Michigan	920	4,400	20,240	9.0	1,822
Minnesota	1,300	7,700	27,720	11.0	3,049
Mississippi	1,300	8,100	49,410	11.0	5,435
Missouri	1,100	5,000	31,500	13.0	4,095
Montana	110	620	2,480	6.0	149
Nebraska	420	1,790	6,931	10.0	698
Nevada	4	4	16	9.1	1
New Hampshire	14	319	1,755	9.0	158
New Jersey	250	1,060	4,452	18.0	801
New Mexico	98	670	2,881	8.0	230
New York	500	6,500	25,350	7.1	1,800
North Carolina	1,600	11,800	94,400	14.0	13,216
North Dakota	120	250	1,000	6.0	60
Ohio	1,900	11,200	40,320	9.0	3,629
Oklahoma	500	3,000	22,800	14.7	3,352
Oregon	350	1,850	8,880	8.0	710
Pennsylvania	1,800	15,900	87,450	9.0	7,871
Rhode Island	13	240	1,200	9.0	108
SOUTH CAROLINA	790	4,300	19,350	11.5	2,225
South Dakota	190	1,050	4,200	7.0	294
Tennessee	310	1,650	6,600	10.0	660
Texas	2,080	10,900	35,970	13.4	4,820
Utah	212	955	3,820	6.0	229
Vermont	15	212	1,166	9.0	105
Virginia	302	2,740	20,550	12.5	2,569
Washington	600	3,600	13,680	8.0	1,094
West Virginia	90	370	1,665	10.0	167
Wisconsin	270	2,100	7,980	9.0	718
Wyoming	12	9	42	5.0	2
United States	36,481	218,212	1,037,512	11.0	113,828

1/Estimates cover the 12 month period, December 1, previous year through November 30 and excludes broilers. 2/Includes death and other losses during the 12 month period.

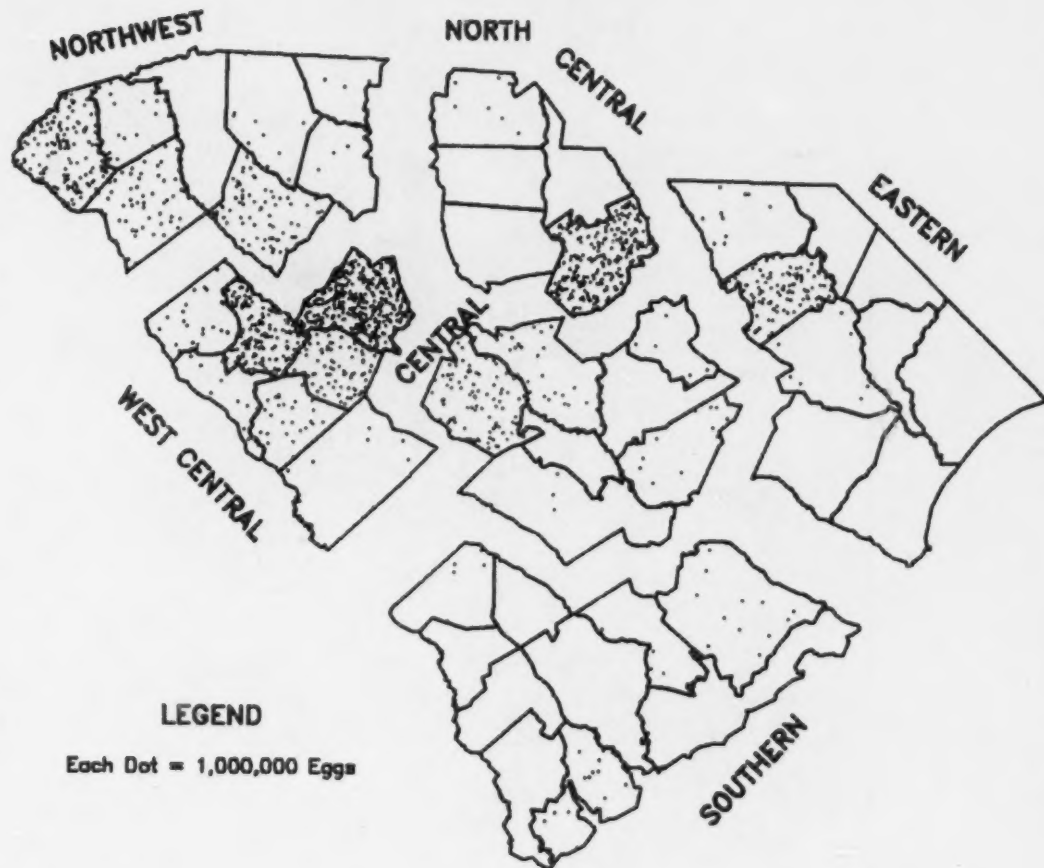
EGG PRODUCTION

South Carolina **EGG PRODUCTION** in 1987 totaled 1,604 million from an average of 6,305,000 layers. This compares to 1986 egg production of 1,615 million eggs, 1 percent more than 1987; and 1,573 million eggs in 1985 which was 2 percent less than in 1987.

The **NUMBER OF LAYERS** on hand during 1987 was nearly the same as the 6,308,000 on hand in 1986 but 4 percent above 1985's 6,059,000 layers. Of the average 6,305,000 layers on hand during 1987, 427,000 were broiler and egg-type breeders. The annual average **RATE OF LAY** per layer (including breeders) was 254 eggs in 1987 or 69.6 percent. This compares with 256 or 70.1 percent in 1986. The **VALUE OF EGGS PRODUCED**, which includes hatching eggs and eggs consumed on farms, was \$69,507,000, 6 percent less than the 1986 value of \$74,155,000 but 3 percent more than the \$67,246,000 for 1985.

South Carolina **RANKED** 13th in the nation for egg production in 1987 with California 1st, Georgia 4th, North Carolina 8th and Florida 10th. Within the state, Newberry County ranked 1st followed by Kershaw, then Greenwood, Oconee, and Darlington counties.

EGG PRODUCTION, 1987



**EGGS: Average number of layers, rate of lay, egg production and value,
South Carolina, by counties, 1986 1/**

County	Avg. number of layers during year	Rate of lay per layer during year	Total eggs produced	Value of production
	<i>Thousands</i>	<i>No. of eggs</i>	<i>Thousands</i>	<i>Thou. dols.</i>
Abbeville	118	285	33,600	1,543
Aiken 2/ Ailendale 2/ Anderson	198	241	47,700	2,190
Bamberg 2/ Barnwell	11	236	2,600	119
Beaufort	48	235	11,300	519
Berkeley	38	287	10,900	500
Calhoun 2/ Charleston 2/ Cherokee	20	250	5,000	230
Chester	26	212	5,500	253
Chesterfield	63	229	14,400	661
Clarendon	123	211	25,900	1,189
Colleton 2/ Darlington	449	234	105,100	4,826
Dillon 2/ Dorchester	23	252	5,800	266
Edgefield	138	233	32,200	1,479
Fairfield 2/ Florence	37	227	8,400	386
Georgetown 2/ Greenville	13	300	3,900	179
Greenwood	421	263	110,900	5,092
Hampton 2/ Horry 2/ Jasper 2/ Kershaw	1,081	225	243,200	2/
Lancaster 2/ Laurens	368	274	100,700	4,624
Lee	32	238	7,600	349
Lexington	432	234	101,100	4,642
McCormick	59	283	16,700	767
Marion 2/ Marlboro 2/ Newberry	1,548	281	434,500	19,951
Oconee	480	295	141,600	6,502
Orangeburg	17	229	3,900	179
Pickens	66	255	16,800	771
Richland	137	264	36,100	1,658
Saluda	280	248	69,500	3,191
Spartanburg	13	277	3,600	165
Sumter 2/ Union 2/ Williamsburg 2/ York	28	286	8,000	367
Other Counties	41	207	8,500	11,551
STATE	6,308	256	1,615,000	74,155

1/Total may not add due to rounding. 2/Included in other counties.

**EGGS: Average number of layers, rate of lay, egg production and value,
South Carolina, by counties, 1987**

County	Avg. number of layers during year	Rate of lay per layer during year	Total eggs produced	Value of production
	<i>Thousands</i>	<i>No. of eggs</i>	<i>Thousands</i>	<i>Thou. dols.</i>
Abbeville	101	236	23,800	1,031
Aiken	39	195	7,600	329
Allendale 1/ Anderson	224	257	57,500	2,492
Bamberg 1/ Barnwell	20	230	4,600	199
Beaufort	46	272	12,500	542
Berkeley	44	275	12,100	524
Calhoun 1/ Charleston 1/ Cherokee Chester 1/	18	178	3,200	139
Chesterfield	51	200	10,200	442
Clarendon	61	218	13,300	576
Colleton 1/ Darlington	478	250	119,500	5,178
Dillon 1/ Dorchester	19	221	4,200	182
Edgefield	118	219	25,800	1,118
Fairfield 1/ Florence	33	218	7,200	312
Georgetown 1/ Greenville 1/ Greenwood	592	272	161,300	6,990
Hampton 1/ Horry 1/ Jasper 1/ Kershaw	1,086	245	266,100	11,531
Lancaster 1/ Laurens	272	272	74,100	3,211
Lee 1/ Lexington	401	229	92,000	3,987
McCormick 1/ Marion 1/ Marlboro 1/ Newberry	1,444	273	393,600	17,056
Oconee	475	287	136,400	5,911
Orangeburg	17	218	3,700	160
Pickens	68	237	16,100	698
Richland	141	218	30,800	1,335
Saluda	356	231	82,300	3,566
Spartanburg	40	240	9,600	416
Sumter 1/ Union	15	220	3,300	143
Williamsburg 1/ York	29	269	7,800	338
Other Counties	117	217	25,400	1,101
STATE 2/	6,305	254	1,604,000	69,507

1/Included in other counties. 2/Total may not add due to rounding.

**EGGS: Number of layers, eggs per 100 layers and egg production,
South Carolina, by months 1981-1987**

Item & Month	1981	1982 5/	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
<i>-----Thousands-----</i>							
LAYERS 1/							
December 2/	6,730	--	6,351	6,330	6,321	6,448	6,363
January	6,560	--	6,378	6,295	6,291	6,493	6,383
February	6,445	6,585	6,448	6,345	6,193	6,493	6,218
March	6,268	--	6,385	6,391	6,220	6,508	6,275
April	6,203	--	6,098	6,256	6,098	6,424	6,326
May	6,241	6,683	6,090	6,006	5,958	6,294	6,318
June	6,380	--	6,358	6,098	5,863	6,223	6,388
July	6,590	--	6,345	6,201	5,728	6,191	6,363
August	6,640	6,800	6,258	6,208	5,811	6,235	6,283
September	6,701	--	6,225	6,208	5,936	6,150	6,203
October	6,740	--	6,293	6,283	6,023	6,073	6,236
November	6,763	6,513	6,405	6,311	6,271	6,170	6,291
Annual 3/	6,522	6,645	6,302	6,244	6,058	6,308	6,305
<i>-----Number-----</i>							
EGGS PER 100 LAYERS							
December 2/	2,051	--	2,173	2,148	2,215	2,187	2,122
January	2,058	--	2,164	2,176	2,210	2,156	2,084
February	1,862	6,135	1,954	2,065	2,051	1,971	1,914
March	2,090	--	2,193	2,206	2,283	2,182	2,199
April	2,047	--	2,099	2,142	2,181	2,148	2,087
May	2,147	6,256	2,135	2,165	2,199	2,208	2,089
June	2,053	--	2,092	2,066	2,149	2,089	2,098
July	2,064	--	2,175	2,209	2,182	2,164	2,185
August	2,123	6,256	2,125	2,223	2,151	2,213	2,180
September	2,119	--	2,088	2,110	2,106	2,146	2,144
October	2,122	--	2,082	2,212	2,142	2,108	2,213
November	1,996	6,279	2,014	2,171	2,089	2,026	2,130
Annual 4/	247	249	253	259	260	256	254
<i>-----Millions-----</i>							
EGGS PRODUCED							
December 2/	138	--	138	136	140	141	135
January	135	--	138	137	139	140	133
February	120	404	126	131	127	128	119
March	131	--	140	141	142	142	138
April	127	--	128	134	133	138	132
May	134	418	130	130	131	139	132
June	131	--	133	126	126	130	134
July	136	--	138	137	125	134	139
August	141	425	133	138	125	138	137
September	142	--	130	131	125	132	133
October	143	--	131	139	129	128	138
November	135	409	129	137	131	125	134
Annual	1,613	1,656	1,594	1,617	1,573	1,615	1,604

1/ Average number on hand during month.

2/ December of previous year.

3/ Average number during year.

4/ Annual rate of lay per layer on hand (eggs produced during year divided by average number of layers during year).

5/ Quarterly data available only.

**LAYERS AND EGG PRODUCTION: Annual average number of layers, eggs per layer and total egg production,
United States, by states, 1986 and 1987 1/**

State	Average number of layers		Eggs per layer 2/		Total egg production	
	1986	1987	1986	1987	1986	1987
	<i>Thousands</i>		<i>Number</i>		<i>Million eggs</i>	
Alabama	11,047	11,018	246	236	2,723	2,605
Alaska	51	31	251	213	12.8	6.6
Arizona	468	389	259	252	121	98
Arkansas	15,518	16,084	240	241	3,731	3,874
California	32,250	33,376	243	240	7,850	8,023
Colorado	2,439	2,719	236	236	575	641
Connecticut	5,232	4,901	245	245	1,281	1,200
Delaware	622	688	217	209	135	144
Florida	10,441	10,361	257	247	2,683	2,564
Georgia	17,746	18,407	243	243	4,318	4,476
Hawaii	987	975	230	229	227.0	223.3
Idaho	922	969	249	246	230	238
Illinois	2,633	2,819	252	252	663	709
Indiana	21,746	22,178	256	259	5,561	5,750
Iowa	5,846	6,175	246	248	1,441	1,534
Kansas	1,834	1,886	252	258	463	486
Kentucky	1,808	1,919	232	243	420	466
Louisiana	1,506	1,472	223	219	336	323
Maine	4,893	4,811	253	276	1,239	1,328
Maryland	3,591	3,742	248	247	890	926
Massachusetts	1,195	1,056	264	259	315	273
Michigan	6,513	6,628	252	250	1,644	1,656
Minnesota	9,387	9,175	246	247	2,312	2,263
Mississippi	5,321	5,272	239	239	1,274	1,259
Missouri	5,892	6,280	237	243	1,397	1,525
Montana	790	789	254	260	201	205
Nebraska	3,469	3,570	239	243	829	869
Nevada	12	12	183	183	2.2	2.2
New Hampshire	351	284	271	268	95	76
New Jersey	1,865	1,796	269	264	501	475
New Mexico	1,146	1,207	244	250	280	302
New York	6,125	4,367	249	255	1,523	1,115
North Carolina	13,761	13,886	238	234	3,279	3,251
North Dakota	256	246	238	236	61	58
Ohio	15,133	16,662	256	261	3,873	4,351
Oklahoma	3,551	3,463	228	232	809	805
Oregon	2,644	2,488	249	256	659	638
Pennsylvania	17,927	18,266	262	266	4,692	4,853
Rhode Island	231	213	251	258	58	55
SOUTH CAROLINA	6,308	6,305	256	254	1,615	1,604
South Dakota	1,619	1,501	244	239	395	358
Tennessee	2,637	2,684	251	250	663	670
Texas	13,803	14,347	243	239	3,355	3,424
Utah	1,781	1,919	257	258	457	496
Vermont	213	224	268	268	57	60
Virginia	3,790	3,794	241	248	914	942
Washington	5,059	5,016	256	260	1,295	1,303
West Virginia	483	492	226	220	109	108
Wisconsin	3,393	3,597	245	244	830	877
Wyoming	25	23	180	187	4.5	4.3
United States 3/	276,255	280,475	248	248	68,398	69,492

1/ Annual estimates cover the period December 1 previous year through November 30.

2/ Total egg production divided by average number of layers on hand.

3/ Sum of states will not add to U.S. total due to rounding.

BROILER PRODUCTION

South Carolina broiler producers produced 68,051,000 broilers in 1987. This is 7 percent more than 1986 and 13 percent more than 1985. **POUNDS PRODUCED** totaled 272,204,000 in 1987, up 12 percent from 1986. The **AVERAGE PRICE** received for broilers in 1987 was 26.5 cents per pound liveweight equivalent, down 6.5 cents from 1986. Gross income, which includes home consumption, was \$72,134,000, down 10 percent from 1986's \$80,006,000.

Lexington, Aiken, and Saluda are the leading broiler-producing counties in South Carolina. South Carolina ranks 15th in the Nation with Arkansas holding the top and Georgia placing 2nd, Alabama 3rd and North Carolina 4th.

COMMERCIAL BROILERS: Production and gross income, South Carolina, 1961-1987 1/

Year	Number Produced	Average Liveweight per broiler	Pounds produced	Price per pound 2/	Gross income 3/
	<i>Thousands</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Thousands</i>	<i>Cents</i>	<i>Thousand dollars</i>
1961	20,100	3.4	68,340	13.5	9,226
1962	20,755	3.3	68,492	14.6	10,000
1963	20,319	3.4	69,085	14.1	9,741
1964	17,143	3.5	60,000	13.7	8,220
1965	16,448	3.5	57,568	14.4	8,290
1966	17,486	3.5	61,201	14.5	8,874
1967	19,483	3.5	68,190	12.3	8,387
1968	19,543	3.5	68,400	13.4	9,166
1969	24,219	3.5	84,766	14.1	11,952
1970	27,670	3.5	96,845	13.0	12,590
1971	28,189	3.5	98,662	13.0	12,826
1972	28,263	3.5	98,921	13.2	13,058
1973	28,853	3.5	100,986	23.6	23,833
1974	31,552	3.4	107,277	19.9	21,348
1975	27,405	3.4	93,177	24.6	22,922
1976	33,404	3.4	113,574	22.5	25,554
1977	34,481	3.5	120,684	22.3	26,913
1978	39,695	3.6	142,902	24.9	35,583
1979	43,687	3.8	166,011	24.5	40,673
1980	43,124	3.8	163,871	26.5	43,426
1981	43,621	3.8	165,760	27.0	44,755
1982	47,973	3.8	182,297	25.5	46,486
1983	52,167	3.7	193,018	27.5	53,080
1984	57,175	3.7	211,548	32.5	68,753
1985	60,367	3.8	229,395	28.5	65,377
1986	63,801	3.8	242,444	33.0	80,006
1987	68,051	4.0	272,204	26.5	72,134

1/ Twelve month period beginning with December of the previous year.

2/ Liveweight equivalent price.

3/ Gross income received for the production of broilers. Includes home consumption which is less than 1 percent of total production.

COMMERCIAL BROILERS: Production and value of production, South Carolina, by counties, 1986

County	Number Produced	Pounds Produced	Value of Production 1/
	-----Thousands-----	-----Thousands-----	-----Thous. dols.-----
Aiken	11,291	42,906	14,159
Clarendon	2,145	8,151	2,690
Darlington	667	2,535	836
Dorchester	428	1,626	537
Edgefield	360	1,368	452
Florence	1,643	6,243	2,060
Kershaw	381	1,448	478
Lee	3,658	13,900	4,587
Lexington	22,293	84,714	27,955
Newberry	389	1,478	488
Oconee	3,274	12,441	4,106
Orangeburg	406	1,543	509
Saluda	8,021	30,480	10,058
Sumter	8,178	31,076	10,255
Williamsburg	667	2,535	836
State	63,801	242,444	80,006

COMMERCIAL BROILERS: Production and value of production, South Carolina, by counties, 1987

County	Number Produced	Pounds Produced	Value of Production 1/
	-----Thousands-----	-----Thousands-----	-----Thous. dols.-----
Aiken	13,004	52,016	13,784
Clarendon	2,481	9,924	2,630
Darlington	592	2,368	627
Dorchester	578	2,312	613
Edgefield	611	2,444	648
Florence	1,947	7,788	2,064
Kershaw	78	312	83
Lee	3,980	15,920	4,219
Lexington	23,982	95,928	25,421
Newberry	467	1,868	495
Oconee	3,085	12,340	3,270
Orangeburg	574	2,296	608
Saluda	9,071	36,284	9,615
Sumter	6,784	27,136	7,191
Williamsburg	817	3,268	866
State	68,051	272,204	72,134

1/Includes home consumption which is less than 1 percent of total production.

**POULTRY INVENTORY: Number of commercial broilers on hand, production and gross income,
United States, by states, December 1, 1986 1/**

State	Number Produced	Pounds per bird	Pounds produced	Price per pound 2/	Gross income 3/
	<i>Thousands</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Thousands</i>	<i>Cents</i>	<i>Thousand dollars</i>
Alabama	587,563	4.0	2,350,252	33.0	775,583
Arkansas	786,779	4.1	3,225,794	36.0	1,161,286
California	184,832	4.7	868,710	36.0	312,736
Delaware	196,783	4.8	944,558	37.5	354,209
Florida	111,884	4.0	447,536	33.0	147,687
Georgia	697,364	4.2	2,928,929	32.5	951,902
Hawaii	2,288	3.9	8,923	51.0	4,531
Iowa	2,700	8.5	22,950	33.0	7,574
Kentucky	3,012	4.2	12,650	33.0	4,175
Maryland	263,885	4.3	1,134,706	37.5	425,515
Michigan	600	4.2	2,520	35.0	882
Minnesota	29,700	4.6	136,620	33.0	45,085
Mississippi	335,704	4.1	1,376,386	35.5	488,617
Nebraska	832	4.5	3,744	40.0	1,498
New York	2,000	4.5	9,000	36.0	3,240
North Carolina	450,500	4.5	2,027,250	33.0	668,993
Ohio	9,900	4.3	42,570	34.0	14,474
Oklahoma	79,500	4.1	325,950	35.0	114,083
Oregon	15,800	4.5	71,100	32.0	22,752
Pennsylvania	101,907	4.2	428,009	32.0	136,963
SOUTH CAROLINA	63,801	3.8	242,444	33.0	80,006
Tennessee	82,500	4.2	346,500	31.5	109,148
Texas	238,600	4.3	1,025,980	36.0	369,353
Virginia	154,156	4.5	693,702	35.0	242,796
Washington	25,100	4.5	112,950	31.0	35,015
West Virginia	29,010	3.6	104,436	36.5	38,119
Wisconsin	11,600	4.2	48,720	34.0	16,565
Other States 4/	178,012	4.0	708,185	34.9	247,322
United States 5/	4,646,312	4.2	19,651,075	34.5	6,780,124
12 Weekly States 6/	4,109,957	4.2	17,451,813	34.6	6,035,639

1/ Broiler production including production of other meat-type breeds.

2/ Liveweight equivalent price.

3/ Gross income including home consumption.

4/ Indiana, Louisiana, Maine, & Missouri combined to avoid disclosing individual operations.

5/ Excludes states producing less than 500,000 birds.

6/ 12 states in the weekly estimating program: Alabama, Arkansas, California, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Texas, and Virginia.

**POULTRY INVENTORY: Number of commercial broilers on hand, production and gross income,
United States, by states, December 1, 1987 1/**

State	Number Produced	Pounds per bird	Pounds produced	Price per pound 2/	Gross income 3/
	<i>Thousands</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Thousands</i>	<i>Cents</i>	<i>Thousand dollars</i>
Alabama	666,538	4.1	2,732,806	27.0	737,858
Arkansas	878,574	4.2	3,690,011	30.0	1,107,003
California	196,120	4.7	921,764	37.0	341,053
Delaware	209,813	5.0	1,049,090	30.5	319,972
Florida	116,980	4.1	479,618	26.5	127,099
Georgia	733,417	4.3	3,153,693	26.5	835,729
Hawaii	2,311	4.1	9,475	52.0	4,927
Iowa	2,600	9.0	23,400	27.0	6,318
Kentucky	2,894	4.2	12,155	27.0	3,282
Maryland	264,196	4.4	1,162,462	30.5	354,551
Michigan	675	4.3	2,903	29.0	842
Minnesota	31,700	4.6	145,820	26.0	37,913
Mississippi	343,395	4.1	1,407,920	29.5	415,336
Nebraska	1,074	5.5	5,907	31.0	1,831
New York	2,100	4.5	9,450	30.0	2,835
North Carolina	477,700	4.6	2,197,420	26.5	582,316
Ohio	11,000	4.3	47,300	23.0	10,879
Oklahoma	90,600	4.0	362,400	29.0	105,096
Oregon	17,000	4.7	79,900	28.0	22,372
Pennsylvania	115,635	4.2	485,667	29.0	140,843
SOUTH CAROLINA	68,051	4.0	272,204	26.5	72,134
Tennessee	92,500	4.2	388,500	25.5	99,068
Texas	259,000	4.2	1,087,800	31.0	337,218
Virginia	154,036	4.6	708,566	28.5	201,941
Washington	26,200	4.6	120,520	29.0	34,951
West Virginia	32,770	3.7	121,249	25.5	30,918
Wisconsin	13,200	4.2	55,440	30.5	16,909
Other States 4/	192,850	4.1	786,803	28.5	224,526
United States 5/	5,002,934	4.3	21,520,242	28.7	6,175,721
12 Weekly States 6/	4,415,409	4.3	19,076,816	28.8	5,500,920

1/ Broiler production including other meat-type breeds.

2/ Liveweight equivalent price.

3/ Gross income including home consumption.

4/ Indiana, Illinois, Louisiana, Maine, Missouri & S. Dakota combined to avoid disclosing individual operations.

5/ Excludes states producing less than 500,000 birds.

6/ 12 states in the weekly estimating program: Alabama, Arkansas, California, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Texas, and Virginia.

HATCHERY PRODUCTION

South Carolina **HATCHERY** operators produced 75,404,000 baby chicks in 1987, 15 percent more than the 65,401,000 chicks hatched in 1986. Of the total chicks hatched in 1987, there were 68,484,000 **BROILER-TYPE** chicks and 6,920,000 **EGG-TYPE** chicks. South Carolina added about 410,000 started pullets into the states' laying flocks each month of 1987. South Carolina outshipments of egg-type chicks went mostly to Georgia and North Carolina. South Carolina added an average of 5,671,000 broilers into houses each month of 1987 and the monthly broiler-type hatchery placement averaged 5,707,000 chicks. South Carolina inshipments of broiler-type chicks came mostly from Georgia and North Carolina.

**CHICKS HATCHED: Number hatched by commercial hatcheries,
South Carolina, by type, by months, 1986 and 1987**

Month	Total		Broiler type		Egg type	
	1986	1987	1986	1987	1986	1987
	-----Thousands-----					
January	5,596	5,611	5,057	5,124	539	487
February	4,827	5,271	4,300	4,641	527	630
March	5,277	6,087	4,575	5,352	702	735
April	5,453	6,095	4,883	5,334	570	761
May	5,306	6,563	4,695	5,830	611	733
June	5,729	6,771	5,037	6,063	692	708
July	5,710	6,682	5,161	6,105	549	577
August	5,391	6,680	4,983	6,159	408	521
September	5,534	6,331	5,034	5,887	500	444
October	5,576	6,445	5,090	5,962	486	483
November	5,020	5,961	4,672	5,581	348	380
December	5,982	6,907	5,489	6,446	493	461
Annual	65,401	75,404	58,976	68,484	6,425	6,920

HATCHERIES: Number of hatcheries, egg capacity reported January 1, United States, 1985 and 1987

State	Chickens				Turkeys			
	Number of hatcheries		Egg capacity		Number of hatcheries		Egg capacity	
	1985	1987	1985	1987	1985	1987	1985	1987
	<i>Number</i>		<i>Thou. eggs</i>		<i>Number</i>		<i>Thou. eggs</i>	
Alabama	34	32	62,628	69,342				
Arkansas	24	22	64,000	75,143				
California	15	12	22,911	23,067	9	8	5,021	4,573
Delaware	5	4	12,537	13,130				
Florida	13	12	16,714	15,514				
Georgia	50	34	71,073	61,108				
Illinois	9	10	2,351	2,099				
Indiana	19	17	7,647	8,107				
Iowa	22	17	6,479	5,132				
Kansas	8	10	1,153	1,201				
Maryland	7	7	27,811	27,776				
Minnesota	15	12	6,384	5,738	7	7	7,779	7,995
Mississippi	17	17	25,453	25,811				
Missouri	12	12	7,069	7,420	7	7	2,953	2,953
Nebraska	13	13	1,349	1,258				
New York	6	6	953	911				
North Carolina	31	26	51,125	47,797	7	8	5,137	5,375
Ohio	11	9	3,551	2,719				
Oklahoma	6	10	3,615	6,336				
Oregon	9	9	3,966	4,300				
Pennsylvania	17	19	15,382	17,288	6	6	1,032	1,061
Texas	23	17	23,732	24,716	10	7	1,826	1,625
Virginia	7	5	11,500	9,750	4	3	1,819	1,789
Washington	7	6	2,823	2,531				
Other States 1/	59	55	29,323	28,488	38	35	11,082	16,124
United States	439	393	481,529	486,682	88	81	36,649	41,495

1/ Data for states not shown separately, combined into "Other States Total" to maintain confidentiality of individual operations.

TURKEYS RAISED

TURKEYS RAISED in South Carolina during 1987 totaled 3,950,000 birds, 1 percent above the 3,900,000 birds raised in 1986.

GROSS INCOME, was \$37,201,000 during 1987, 27 percent less than 1986. During 1987, the average price received was 34.0 cents per pound, 12.0 cents less than 1986 and 0.8 cents less than what producers received on a nation-wide basis during 1987.

TURKEYS: Number raised, disposition and gross income, South Carolina, 1974-1987

Year	Number raised	Average liveweight	Pounds produced	Price per pound 2/	Gross income 1/
	<i>Thousand</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Thousand lbs.</i>	<i>Cents</i>	<i>Thousand dollars</i>
1974	2,570	25.3	65,021	29.5	19,181
1975	2,585	23.5	60,748	33.2	20,168
1976	2,618	23.2	60,738	33.0	20,044
1977	2,410	23.2	55,912	34.2	19,122
1978	2,527	23.4	59,132	40.7	24,067
1979	2,998	24.7	74,051	39.0	28,880
1980	3,202	22.9	73,326	39.0	28,597
1981	2,898	23.9	69,262	38.0	26,320
1982	2,616	23.2	60,691	38.0	23,063
1983	2,159	26.2	57,429	40.0	22,972
1984	2,194	27.9	61,213	51.0	31,218
1985	2,850	28.4	80,940	51.0	41,279
1986	3,900	28.4	110,760	46.0	50,950
1987	3,950	27.7	109,415	34.0	37,201

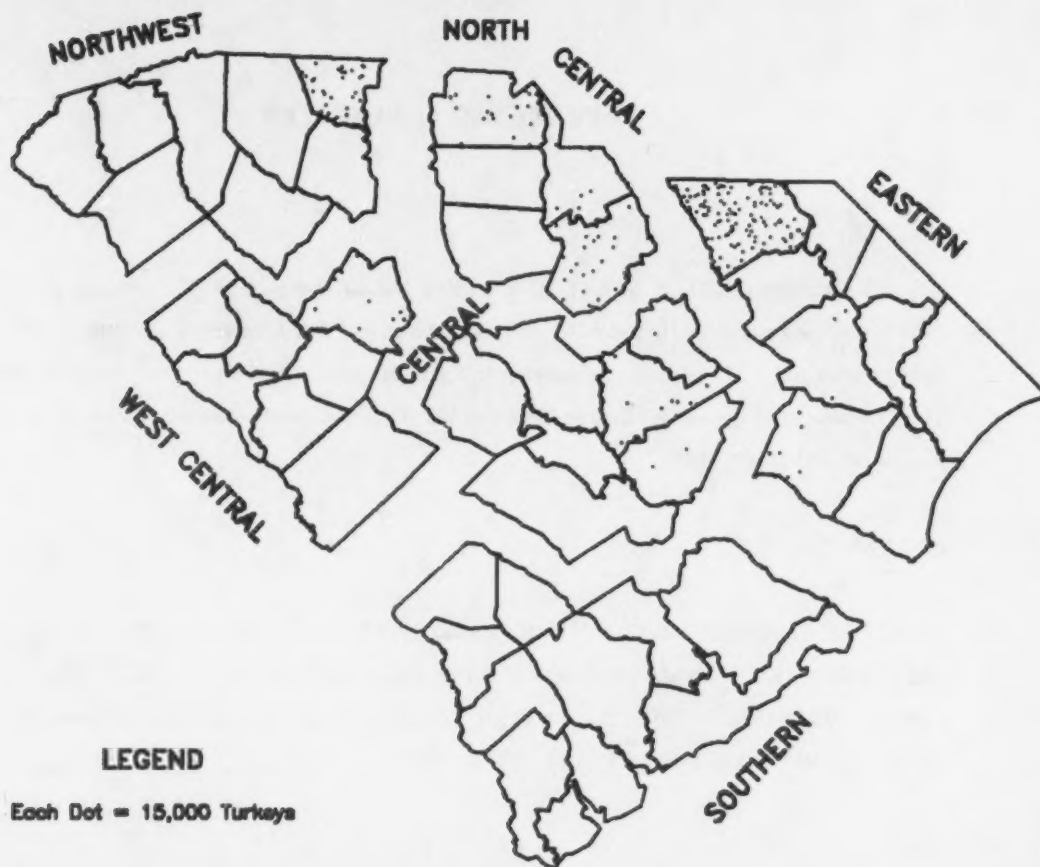
1/ Data for all years include home consumption which is less than 1 percent of total production. 2/ Liveweight equivalent price.

TURKEYS: Number raised, disposition and gross income, United States, 1974-1987

Year	Number raised	Average liveweight	Pounds produced	Price per pound 2/	Gross income 1/
	<i>Thousand</i>	<i>Pounds</i>	<i>Thousand lbs.</i>	<i>Cents</i>	<i>Thousand dollars</i>
1974	131,909	18.5	2,437,121	28.0	683,164
1975	124,165	18.3	2,276,504	34.8	793,271
1976	140,021	18.6	2,606,265	31.7	825,095
1977	136,390	18.8	2,562,825	35.5	910,396
1978	138,939	19.1	2,654,788	43.6	1,157,200
1979	156,457	18.9	2,957,612	41.1	1,214,357
1980	165,243	18.6	3,076,858	41.3	1,271,637
1981	170,875	19.1	3,264,463	38.2	1,247,803
1982	165,464	19.2	3,175,060	39.5	1,254,700
1983	170,723	19.5	3,335,519	38.0	1,269,051
1984	171,296	19.8	3,385,248	48.9	1,655,256
1985	185,352	20.0	3,702,194	49.1	1,818,626
1986	207,216	20.0	4,141,697	47.1	1,948,438
1987	240,349	20.3	4,888,216	34.8	1,701,137

1/ Data for all years include home consumption which is less than 1 percent of total production. 2/ Liveweight equivalent price.

TURKEYS RAISED DURING 1987



LEGEND

Each Dot = 15,000 Turkeys

TURKEYS RAISED: Production and gross income, South Carolina, by county, 1987

County	Number Produced	Pounds Produced	Gross Income
	-----Thousands-----	-----Thousands-----	-----Thous. dols.-----
Cherokee	503	13,933	4,737
Chesterfield	2,077	57,533	19,561
Clarendon	26	720	245
Florence	52	1,440	490
Kershaw	377	10,443	3,551
Lancaster	101	2,798	951
Lee	26	720	245
Newberry	169	4,681	1,591
Sumter	201	5,568	1,893
Williamsburg	97	2,687	914
York	321	8,892	3,023
State	3,950	109,415	37,201

COMMERCIAL SLAUGHTER

CATTLE

South Carolina **CATTLE SLAUGHTER** totaled 114,300 head in 1987, 7 percent less than 1986 but 13 percent more than the 101,400 slaughtered in 1985. Liveweight of cattle butchered in 1987 averaged 1,073 pounds compared with 1,037 pounds in 1986 and 1,016 pounds in 1985. Total liveweight of the cattle killed in 1987 was 122,601,000 pounds, down 3 percent from 1986 but 19 percent above 1985.

CALVES

CALVES SLAUGHTERED in 1987 numbered 19,300 head compared with 27,300 in 1986 and 33,600 in 1985. Average liveweight of calves slaughtered was 465 pounds in 1987, 401 in 1986 and 378 in 1985. In 1987 total liveweight of butchered calves was 8,985,000 pounds compared to 10,934,000 in 1986 and 12,677,000 in 1985.

HOGS

The number of **HOGS SLAUGHTERED** during 1987 totaled 521,000 head, an increase of 3 percent from the 508,100 killed in 1986 but a 2 percent decrease from the 531,900 butchered in 1985. Slaughtered hogs averaged 232 pounds in 1987 compared with 231 in 1986 and 237 in 1985. During 1987, total liveweight of the hogs killed was 120,914,000 pounds, compared with 117,245,000 in 1986 and 125,937,000 in 1985.

**LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER: Number of head, average liveweight,
and total liveweight, South Carolina, by months, 1986 1/**

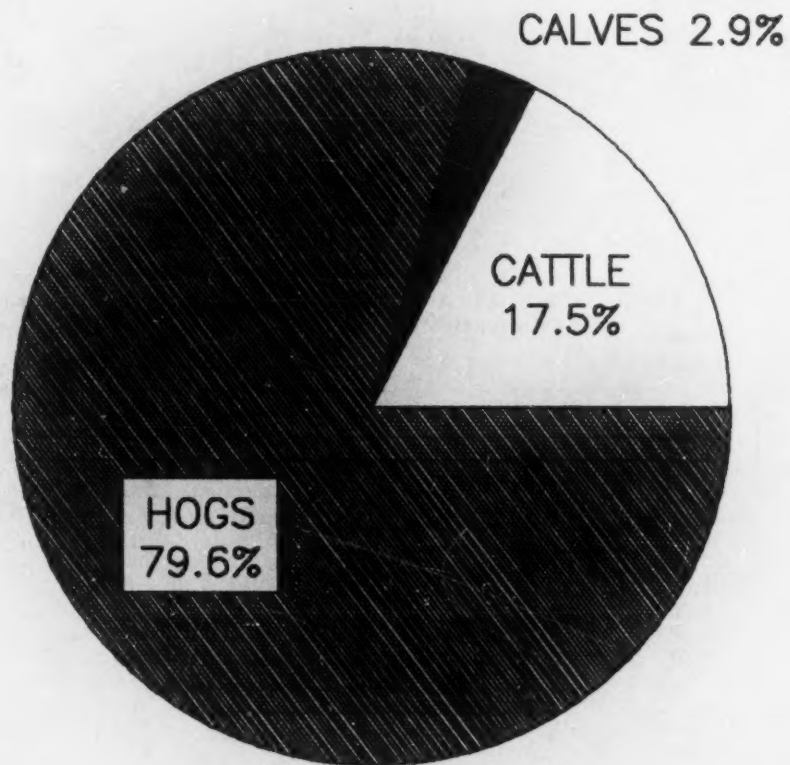
Month	CATTLE			CALVES			HOGS		
	Head	Liveweight		Head	Liveweight		Head	Liveweight	
		Average	Total		Average	Total		Average	Total
	1,000	Pounds	1,000 lbs.	1,000	Pounds	1,000 lbs.	1,000	Pounds	1,000 lbs.
Jan.	9.1	1,056	9,652	2.6	386	986	47.6	240	11,425
Feb.	8.3	1,044	8,618	2.1	373	784	39.8	235	9,338
Mar.	9.5	1,081	10,275	2.0	380	748	42.9	236	10,111
Apr.	10.1	1,042	10,487	2.3	358	822	44.3	237	10,497
May	10.7	1,051	11,246	2.6	375	989	44.0	231	10,176
June	11.0	1,016	11,168	2.2	363	804	41.3	229	9,458
July	12.3	983	12,070	2.4	371	885	40.0	223	8,919
Aug.	11.0	1,015	11,150	2.0	362	735	39.3	220	8,663
Sept.	9.1	1,052	9,554	2.3	473	1,075	39.0	225	8,785
Oct.	11.8	1,044	12,279	2.3	457	1,035	45.8	229	10,466
Nov.	9.9	1,025	10,106	2.3	453	1,021	37.7	230	8,669
Dec.	9.8	1,054	10,284	2.3	455	1,049	46.3	232	10,737
Total 2/	122.4	1,037	126,887	27.3	401	10,934	508.1	231	117,245

**LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER: Number of head, average liveweight,
and total liveweight, South Carolina, by months, 1987 1/**

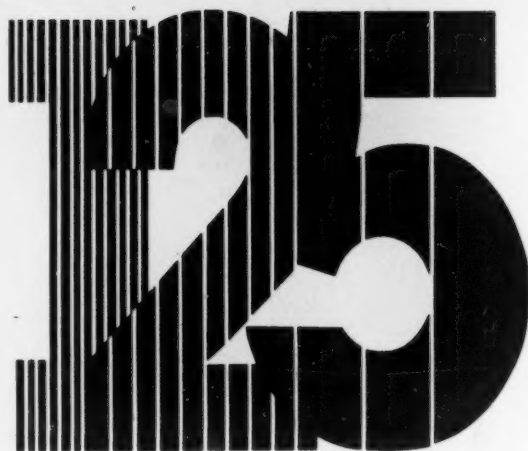
Month	CATTLE			CALVES			HOGS		
	Head	Liveweight		Head	Liveweight		Head	Liveweight	
		Average	Total		Average	Total		Average	Total
	1,000	Pounds	1,000 lbs.	1,000	Pounds	1,000 lbs.	1,000	Pounds	1,000 lbs.
Jan.	9.3	1,058	9,797	2.1	468	980	40.6	233	9,470
Feb.	9.1	1,073	9,787	1.5	448	672	38.0	232	8,831
Mar.	10.9	1,068	11,659	1.8	458	822	44.1	231	10,206
Apr.	11.1	1,083	12,002	1.8	481	852	43.2	232	10,007
May	9.6	1,075	10,269	2.3	489	1,108	39.9	229	9,164
June	9.6	1,068	10,274	2.2	389	847	40.6	230	9,347
July	9.3	1,101	10,270	1.7	497	868	38.6	227	8,760
Aug.	9.1	1,064	9,714	1.2	478	571	41.4	232	9,609
Sept.	9.4	1,069	10,026	1.4	487	695	43.4	233	10,096
Oct.	10.1	1,062	10,731	1.3	470	631	47.8	231	11,058
Nov.	8.5	1,072	9,079	0.9	464	429	48.0	236	11,321
Dec.	8.3	1,077	8,994	1.1	471	510	55.4	236	13,045
Total 2/	114.3	1,073	122,601	19.3	465	8,985	521.0	232	120,914

1/ Includes slaughter in federally inspected and in other plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms. 2/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
SOUTH CAROLINA
1987



PERCENT OF TOTAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTERED



Years of Helping Farmers

Abraham Lincoln called agriculture the "largest interest" of the nation, when he asked Congress to establish the Department of Agriculture in 1862. One year later, in July, the Department's Division of Statistics issued the nation's first Crop Report.

The Report was a pioneering attempt to survey the condition of crops in the young nation and help inform farmers. The idea was to halt speculation among producers, consumers, and others by establishing a system to routinely gather crop information from the most reliable source—the farmer—and disseminate summary estimates nationwide.

What NASS Has To Offer

This year, the 125th anniversary of the first Crop Report, the direct descendent of the pioneering Division of Statistics is celebrating this historic event by taking a look at what the modern statistical service of USDA has to offer and how this information can be of use to farmers.

The **National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS)** has come a long way since the first Crop Report, with its mere two questions. Back then, farmers were only asked to report the amount of acres sown in 1863 compared to 1862 and the condition of the crops in May and June. Today, NASS collects statistics on a wide series of agricultural topics, ranging from mushroom production and

farm labor to sugar and honey stocks, not to mention the major commodities including crops, livestock, dairy, and poultry. From these data, NASS publishes the state and national estimates of production, stocks, inventories, disposition, use, and prices of agricultural commodities.

In fact, NASS issues about *300 national reports* and *9,000 state reports* each year, covering more than 150 crops and livestock items. And that's not all... NASS publishes information on a host of other items, such as crop values, livestock slaughter, weather-related impacts on crops, and more.

NASS relies on its 44 field offices to regularly survey thousands of cooperating farmers, ranchers, and other informed persons about agricultural conditions in the 50 states. The survey information and indications from field observations, objective yield measurements, state estimates, and other data are sent to NASS headquarters in Washington, D.C. There, specialists review all available information to prepare and release the final estimates through the Agricultural Statistics Board. The Board maintains strict security to ensure the integrity of the estimates.

Forecasting accuracy is high at NASS, but the agency does not rest on its laurels. NASS is continually working to improve the estimates and to stay on top of changes in agriculture. That's why new technologies have proven so attractive, such as satellites to improve acreage estimates

and computers to aid data collection and analysis. Computer-assisted telephone interviewing, for instance, is but one of the latest technological tools NASS uses to collect the data.

How NASS Can Help Farmers

Over a century ago, the government realized that it was in the nation's interest to provide farmers with enough information to enable them to grow and market their products effectively. What was true then—in the simple agricultural economy of the late 1800's—is even more apparent today.

Farmers must be well-informed to make the right decisions about planting and breeding, feeding and storing, and purchasing and marketing. Crop and livestock estimates guide those decisions because *they help farmers understand how supply and demand conditions are changing*. If these figures weren't freely available to everyone, only large corporate farmers and companies could afford crop and livestock estimates.

Looking ahead, farmers can expect to continue to hear regularly from NASS about production and supplies of farm commodities. Also, for detailed, reliable data on production costs and financial conditions in agriculture, look for the annual Farm Costs and Returns Survey to remain one of the most important surveys conducted by the agency and its field offices.

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Agricultural Statistician
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